THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1867. VOLUME XVII.—NUMBER 338

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum : : : : : $12 00
" " per week : : : : : 25
To carriers and news-dealers, per copy : : 5
Weekly per annum (in advance) : : : : 5 00
☞ Subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion : : : : : : : $1 00
" " each additional insertion : : 50
" " two weeks : : : : : : : 6 00
" " one month : : : : : : : 8 00
☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.
☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.
☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 20 cents per line.
☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.
☞ Advertisements to be inserted in the Weekly paper only, or at irregular intervals in either of the papers, will be charged $1 per square for each and every insertion.
☞ All advertisements not marked for a special time will be discontinued at the end of one week.
☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.
☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*
☞ No advertisement will appear in the Weekly paper unless by special contract.
☞ Our friends are respectfully requested to use their best efforts to send us subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year : : : : : $5 00
To clubs of ten or more, each : : 4 50
" twenty or more, each : : 4 00
Invariably in advance.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW AND MASONIC CALENDAR.

A.·. M.·. 5627.

1 Tisri, 10th September.....1868.
1 Cheshvan, 9th October..... "
1 Chisleu, 8th November..... "
1 Tebeth, 7th December..... "
1 Shebat, 6th January..... 1868.
1 Adar, 6th February..... "
1 Veadar, 6th March..... "
1 Nisan, 4th April..... "
1 Iyar, 5th May..... "
1 Sivan, 4th June..... "
1 Thamuz, 4th July..... "
1 Ab, 2d August..... "
1 Elul, 1st September..... "

Ash Wednesday, 6th March..... 1867.
Monday, Tuesday, 15th April, this month. "
Easter Sunday, 21st April..... "
Ascension, 30th May..... "
Pentecost, 9th June..... "
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mhlt tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY. 1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, Court and Main. B. R. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Reardon, Sec'y.

SOLOMON, No. 178. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. J. T. Sellars, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEBANON, No. 260. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John A. Wright, W. M.; J. D. Sedgwick, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 298. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; M. Wade, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341 (U. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—3d Front street. John J. Worsham, 451, W. M.; R. K. Pullen, 231, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 3d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 33d, G. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 16th, Sec.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 8th; No. 2. Stated Communications 2d Monday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. G. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Tarshish; —— Sec.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th, No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIS Council of K—h, 30th, No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 33d., Comm.·.; William Y. Citrole 33d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d, Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.·.

HOTELS.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Near Chattanooga, Tenn.

THERE is no more pleasant spot for a Summer residence than the summit of Lookout Mountain. The scenery is most beautiful and affords great delight to the lovers of nature.

Looking to the North and East, from the MOUNTAIN HOUSE, a varied landscape is seen. To the left flows the placid Tennessee, winding in and out among the hills, till far away in the distance its waters seem to blend with the clouds. Wooded hills and rich valleys, with waving fields of corn and grain, extend as far as the eye can reach in the horizon, where the faint outlines of the Great Smoky Mountains are seen traced upon the sky.

It has all the telegraph and mail facilities, being but an hour's ride from Chattanooga, and is a First class Hotel.

Here in the peaceful days before the war, the leading families of the South-West spent every Summer to breathe the pure mountain air, and it will soon again be the favorite Summer resort for all who, tired of the dust and heat of crowded cities, desire relax-ation of mind and invigoration of body, amid the finest scenery in the country.

au7 COOPER & JAMES, Proprietors.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL

IS now open for the accommodation of visitors. A new house with forty rooms has been added to the large Hotel, with all modern improvements.

Billiard Tables, Tenpin Alleys, Bath Rooms, Swings, Etc.,

Good health, the best Water in the world, unsurpassed, magnificent ball-rooms, and hunting and fishing, and every inducement for pleasure, health and comfort.

115 Miles East of Memphis, on Memphis and Charleston Railroad,

With two daily trains, telegraph, etc. Rooms can be engaged of T. J. CRAFT & CO., No. 296 Main street. PATTERSON, WRIGHT & CO., au7 Proprietors.

WHITEMAN BROS.,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

PRINTING PAPER,

No. 59 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville. | No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

FRANKLIN JOB PRINTING HOUSE

15 West Court Street,

Memphis, Tenn.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Is made up of the latest and most beautiful styles of Newly-Cut Types, Borders, Scripts, Ornaments and Designs, representing all branches of trade.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Has in successful operation FIVE LIGHTNING JOB PRESSES—all of the most celebrated patterns now known.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Has always on hand a large and elegant assortment of Printers' Stationery—adapted to Business Cards, Bill Heads, Circulars, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Bills of Lading, Dray Tickets, Bank Checks, Notes, Drafts, and every description of FINE PRINTING.

The Franklin Job Printing House

Will turn out none but the BEST WORK, and at as low prices as any house in the city—satisfaction being guaranteed in every instance.

The Franklin Job Printing House,

In all its departments, is under the personal supervision of Jas. R. McClure, who has been practically engaged in the printing business in this city for the last fifteen years. In a word, the business of

The Franklin Job Printing House

Will be conducted on such fair, liberal, honorable principles as cannot fail to recommend itself to the confidence and patronage of the Merchants and Business Men of Memphis. Send along your orders for all kinds of Mercantile Printing executed with

Respectfully,

S. C. TOOF,
feb12 Proprietor.

Trust Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust made by Charles P. Pomeroy[illegible] and recorded in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tennessee, in book No. 57, part 2, page 38 and following, I will, on Saturday, the 28th September, 1867, in front of the Court-house door of the Law Court of Memphis, in Memphis, Tennessee, on Second street, between Union and Gayoso streets, between the hours of 11 o'clock a.m. and 1 o'clock p.m. of said day, proceed to sell, at auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described lot or parcel of land in the city of Memphis and designated on the plat of said city as part of lot No. 31, to-wit: Beginning at the northeast corner of a lot on the south side of Jefferson street formerly owned by Daniels, its east westwardly from the intersection of Jefferson and Third streets; thence eastwardly with the south side of Jefferson street fifty-eight feet to its intersection with Third street; thence southwardly with the west side of Third street one hundred and forty-eight and a half feet to an alley; thence westwardly with the north side of said alley fifty-eight feet; thence one hundred and forty-eight and six inches to the west side of another alley; thence northwardly with the east side of said alley thirty-one feet to the southeast boundary line of said Cromwell's lot; thence eastwardly with said Cromwell's south boundary line 90½ feet to the southeast corner of said Cromwell's lot; thence northwardly with the east boundary line of said Cromwell's lot one hundred and twelve and a half feet to the beginning.

The title to said property is believed to be perfect, and the equity of redemption is waived, but I convey as trustee only.

au28 td THOMAS LEECH, Trustee.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Joe. E. Lynch,

OFFICE—351 Main street, between Union and Gayoso streets, Memphis, Tenn. OFFICE HOURS—9 to 12 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m. jy12

J. D. STILLMAN, M. D.,

Physician for Females.

THE THROAT, LUNGS AND HEART. Office—36 Union street, Memphis, Tenn. ☞ Medicine and treatment sent by express. jy14

L. C. GLOVER, M. D.

ECLECTIC SYSTEM.

Of twenty-one years experience in general practice. Bills made moderate.

Office at Virginia House,

Adams street, Memphis, Tenn.

DR. WM. EVERETT

CAN be found at Rooms No. 5 and 6, South-ern House, corner of Main and Real street, where he is prepared to treat and advise with all ladies having diseases peculiar to their sex. Age and long experience convinces him that all can be relieved, no matter how severe the case, or of how long standing; and above all others he desires those cases which have been

PRONOUNCED INCURABLE.

☞ Diseases of children will also receive especial attention.

DENTISTS.

S. HINSON,

DENTIST,

No. 225 Main Street,

Near the Worsham House.

ap8 d&wly

Harris & Blair,

DENTISTS,

No. 217 corner Second and Adams Sts., ADAMS' BLOCK.

J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

LAWYERS.

EDGINGTON & HAILEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 233 Second St., Jefferson Block.

☞ Special attention given to proceedings in Bankruptcy and in Admiralty. jy14

WM. G. SWAN. G. P. FOUTE.

SWAN & FOUTE,

Attorneys,

MEMPHIS.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MATTERS IN BANKRUPTCY.

Office—DeSoto Block,

Madison Street, between Main and Second.

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

C. S. CAMERON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

—AND—

United States Commissioner,

Office over Commercial Bank,

Entrance No. 19 Madison St., MEMPHIS, TENN.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,

Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh8 tf

BARBOUR LEWIS. WILLIAM CRAIG.

LEWIS & CRAIG,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Stillman Block, No. 280 Second street, North of Madison, Memphis, Tennessee.

M. J. Williamson will be found at the above. mh12 tf

S. L. DIXON. W. A. PERCY.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Tunica, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec5 1y

JOHN S. KERR. J. W. WESTCOTT. GEO. E. STAHL.

Kerr, Westcott & Stahl,

Attorneys at Law,

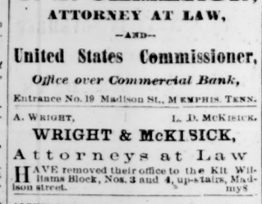
No. 270 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.

J. W. Westcott,

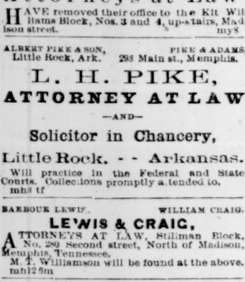
United States Commissioner and Commissioner for all the States.

SELF-FASTENING WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE



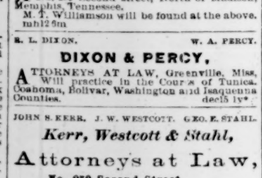
FOR COTTON BALES.

CHAS. C. JOHNSEN, Sole Prop'tr, No. 14 Union street, New Orleans.



Insert the hoop in the slot, and draw it tight around the bale.

All other Ties fastening by this method are infringements, and will be prosecuted at law as such.



When the lever of the press is raised the tie will fasten itself by the outward pressure of the bale.

We are sole agents and are prepared to fill orders for the above.

Self-Fastening Wrought Iron Buckle Tie,

on the most favorable terms. We are having them manufactured of the most superior iron and thoroughly tested.

D. H. DAVIS & CO.,
Commission Merchants.
Louisville, June 22, 1867. au1

Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Children's Teething, and the Great Preventive of Asiatic Cholera.

MAGUIRE'S BENNE PLANT.

THIS Extraordinary Medicine, the fame of which is spread broadcast throughout the country, is undoubtedly superior to any remedy ever offered to the public for the complaints for which it is intended. We have in our possession testimonials furnished voluntarily by Col Long, late Chief Topographical Engineer Bureau of Washington, Gen. Fitz Henry Warren, Gen. Pleasanton, and others of the army; Father A. L. Benning, celebrated Indian Missionary, also Officers of the Navy, Surgeons, Hospital Stewards, Commanders of nearly every steamer plying on the Mississippi and tributary rivers, Messrs. Swallaw and Christian Commissions, Army Chaplains, and others too numerous to mention. Likewise highest encomiums of the Press, most of which are published in our almanac, which we shall send to any one requesting it; praising its valuable medicinal qualities in the highest terms. No other medicine has such recommendations.

J. & C. MAGUIRE,
Sole Proprietors, St. Louis.

Sold by Druggists and Medicine Dealers everywhere jy28-d&w tf

To Contractors.

THE undersigned, Commissioners appointed by the County Court of Ouachita county, Arkansas, will receive sealed proposals until the first day of August, 1867, for the erection of a

Fire Proof Clerk's Office,

in the town of Marion. Plans and specifications can be seen at the Clerk's office in Marion. The right to reject all bids is reserved.

J. F. KARL,
W. M. NASH, Jr.,
B. C. BROWN
Comm'rs.
jy28

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

Office—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. B. McCLURE,
Architect and Engineer.

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

NORTHERN HUMANITY TO PRISONERS.

A Confederate soldier, writing in the Louisville *Courier*, has begun to give his testimony in respect to the treatment of Confederate prisoners in Northern prisons. Here is his first communication:

PRISON LIFE AT ROCK ISLAND BARRACKS.

Much has been written in regard to the treatment of prisoners of war by the Confederate government during the late war, but as I have seen no detailed account given of the treatment of prisoners in the north by their captors, I propose to give a few items in regard to my experience, which is the experience of thousands of others during an incarceration of fifteen months in the prison-pen at Rock Island, Illinois.

I was one of a force under that able leader, Gen. Joe Wheeler, that attacked a force of forty-five hundred of the enemy at Charleston, East Tennessee. Our small command mustered, on starting from Tunnell Hill, Georgia, on the 27th of December, 1863, about nine hundred men, but by the 28th, when the attack was made on the yankee train, they had dwindled down to about six hundred, owing to heavy details being made for scouts, guards, etc. The first Kentucky was in reserve, while the detachments from the other regiments attacked the enemy. One by one our lines were driven back, until at last only one noble regiment remained to stand the charge of the enemy's infantry. Like statues those noble boys sat on their horses, awaiting the orders to fire, which were soon given; to my company first, which was that day commanded by Lieut. Jo. Vincent, who had just been elected for his bravery in Sequatchie valley, to fill a vacancy. Under the excitement of the moment he ordered us to fire before the officer commanding the regiment had ordered it, and ours was the company to give them first a greeting from old Kentucky.

Hardly had we fired three volleys ere we were surrounded on three sides by the enemy's infantry, and charged by their cavalry. Being ordered to fall back by "columns of companies," we were executing the movement when the cavalry dashed among us, sabres and pistols in hand, doing fearful execution. At this moment I was thrown suddenly to the ground with my horse resting on my left leg, while the blood spurted from my horse's side and plainly told the cause of my disaster. I managed to extricate myself from this predicament, and on attempting to regain my pistol, which I had let fall from the shock, I was met by two "men in blue," who were fighting for the "best government the world ever saw," who in no very polite terms requested me to surrender, which request, owing to the complicated state of my military affairs, I complied with, but with very poor grace though, I assure you.

I requested permission to get my saddle-pockets off my wounded horse, but was denied, and was ordered to the rear of the yankee lines. Then commenced my trials and tribulations. Soon I was thrown among others of my comrades who had been captured, and on marching into the jail in Charleston it was found that one hundred and four prisoners had been captured.

When put in one small room of the jail, the work of robbing the prisoners commenced, and never did Italian bandits more thoroughly strip a captive than did those brutal men of the first and fourth Ohio cavalry. On the same evening of our capture we were taken from the jail and started to Loudon, on the Tennessee river, which place we reached foot-sore, weary and utterly miserable, some three days after our capture. We were placed in an old hotel near the river, which was shutterless and doorless, to endure the stings of the winter wind, which howled with fury through the open windows of the dilapidated concern. No fire wood, no rations, no blankets, what could we do but die here morning, and when the rays of the morning sun stole over the floor let them fall on our stark faces frozen hard, but still looking up to an avenging God who would punish those who caused our suffering.

None but soldiers of the young Confederacy could have endured the horrors of that night, huddled as we were on the floor for warmth, freezing, starving, cursing, that such could be our fate. Four days we endured this place, during which time we had drawn two days rations, when on the first day of the new year of '64, noted all over the United States for cold, we were ordered on board a boat for Chattanooga. We were on the lower deck, and crowded like sheep in the pens by a regiment of yankees, who used their bayonets to drive us away from those places which afforded the least protection from the cold. On the morning of the second of January, it was found that one poor fellow was dead, frozen stiff by the side of his comrades, who knew not of his death till morning came, and showed the fatal seal of death upon his face. The boat stopped *ten minutes* to bury his remains. He was thrown into a rifle pit on the bank and a few clods of dust from the hill kicked over him, and the task was finished. Poor Beane, at least your body rests in your own beloved Tennessee, if not in the pleasant valley where stood your happy home before the invader came with torch and brand. It was then that many had suffered from the cold, among them your correspondent, who had both feet severely frozen, the effects of which still linger in winter. We reached Chattanooga after a tedious trip down the river, and were confined in a ground room so small that we had barely room to stand, and here drew our rations for the first time in three days. They consisted of two "hard tacks" and a cup of what *they* called "vegetable soup," but what any other human being would characterize as "slop;" but in our famished condition anything to ease the gnawings of hunger was more than acceptable, and we crowded around the man who issued the decoction, eager for a few drops more, whose only answer was to strike or kick those who, half-famished, asked for more. We silently drew back, for we were southrons, and rather would we endure the pangs of a thousand deaths by starvation than submit to insult and degradation from any human on earth.

After disposing of our scanty allowance, we were told that all the Kentuckians were wanted in the room occupied by the provost marshal as his office. On entering the room we were put in line before him, when each of us gave our name, company and regiment; after which we were told that we had the privilege of taking the oath and going home, and that any one desirous of doing so could step forward three paces.

Of that gallant band of forty-five of the sons of our brave old state, no one moved a step, but proudly they held up their heads and proclaimed by a silence more eloquent than words, their love of honor and their country. After branding us as "rebels," we were reconducted to our comrades for another night of horror.

I shall endeavor in my next paper to recount the incidents between Chattanooga and Rock Island, and enter in full on a recountal of our prison existence.

E. P. J., 1st Ky. Cavalry, C. S. A.

PRISON MORTALITY—ANDERSONVILLE AND ELMIRA.

RICHMOND, VA., August 14.

To the Editor of the World:

Sir: I have just seen in a city paper a paragraph credited to the *World* alleging that among the Confederate prisoners at Elmira, during the last four or five months of the use of that prison, the deaths only amounted to a few individuals out of many thousand prisoners. I am not able to controvert that fact, as I left there on the 11th of October, 1864, but if the statement be true it can be produced to that the general mortality at that pen was slight, I can contradict it from *the record*. During a portion of the period of my incarceration in the Elmira pen it was my duty to receive from the surgeons the following returns, of the deaths of the preceding day, and embody them in an official report to be signed by the commandant of the prison, and forwarded to the commandant of the post. I entered each morning in a diary which now lies before me, the number of reported deaths, and the facts demonstrate that in as healthy a location as there is in New York, with every remedial appliance in abundance, with no epidemic, and with great boast of humanity, the deaths were relatively larger than among the federal prisoners at Andersonville among a famished people, whose quartermaster could not furnish shelter to its soldiers, and whose surgeons were without the commonest medicines for the sick. The record shows that Andersonville, between the 1st of February and 1st of August, 1864, out of 36,000 prisoners, 6000, or one sixth, died, a fearful rate unquestionably. But the official report of the Elmira pen shows that during the month of September, 1864, which was the first month after the quota of that prison was made up, *out of less than nine thousand five hundred prisoners*, the deaths were THREE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIX. In other words, the average mortality at Andersonville during that period was *forty-three* a day, or the whole per month, while at Elmira it was one *twenty-fifth* of the whole. At Elmira it was *four per cent.*; at Andersonville less than *three per cent.*

Your informant speaks of but nine deaths, I believe, (I have mislaid the paper), during three or four months at Elmira. Perhaps the official record will show more *than three times more deaths* on a single day of my incarceration—September 20, 1864.

Another item which I gather from my diary will indicate the manner in which the medical officer at Elmira discharged his functions. The hospitals began to be filled in the latter part of August with obstinate cases of scurvy. Men became covered with fearful sores, many lost their teeth, and many others became cripples, and will die cripples from that cause. The commandant of the post ordered a report to be made of all the scorbutic cases in prison, grave and trifling, and on the morning of Sunday, September 11th, the lists were added up. When it was found that of 9300 prisoners examined, *eighteen hundred and seventy* were tainted with scurvy.

The federal government, as one of its measures of reconstruction, is officially and expensively engaged in traducing the southern people, and the facility with which it procures all necessary evidence, whether the object be to hang or to exculminate, warrants the belief that we shall have a couple of volumes a year for the rest of the century, demonstrating the barbarity of the rebels. Against so admirable a system for manufacturing evidence it is of course idle to oppose the feeble efforts of individuals, but I regard the duty none the less binding on such of us as know the truth to declare it; and I hope that throughout the southern states intelligent and credible men are now putting into authentic form the evidences of federal outrages, the exploits of the Sherman and Sheridans, and Milroys and Butlers, one day to be published by general subscription of our people, that the world may judge between us and the spoon thieves, the furniture thieves, the barn burners, the bummers, and the brutes who too often wore the uniform of the federal army.

A. M. K.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—One thousand two hundred and thirty-four emigrants arrived at New Orleans on Saturday.

—The cherries are just ripening in Minnesota.

—The Maine election takes place on the 9th of this month.

—New York is anticipating a busy season. The country merchants are arriving.

—The North Carolina university, at Chapel Hill, will soon be closed, because of poverty.

—In Austria no Masonic Lodges are permitted.

—Southern Illinois exports 20,000 boxes of peaches per day.

—Austria smoked a thousand million cigars last year.

—Tea has fallen in China about one-third.

—About one-half of Reynolds City, Montana, was burned on the 10th ult.

—The amount of coin in the treasury Saturday was $114,318,000, of which $18,-000,000 was in coin certificates. The amount of currency was $37,000,000, making a total of $151,318,000.

—An exchange says it is believed that a majority of the republican candidates for the Ohio legislature have been nominated under instructions to vote for Benj. Wade for United States senator.

—Milton Hodson, residing in Plainfield, Hendricks county, Ind., died of hydrophobia on Thursday, from the effects of a bite received fifty-two days ago.

—The secretary of the interior was much engaged on Saturday. His physicians have forbidden all visitors.

—A species of limestone has been discovered near Leavenworth, Kansas, which after testing proves equal, if not superior, to any cement used.

—An Iowa exchange predicts an early winter, because the birds have already commenced their migration southward.

—Mr. Cerratti, the Italian minister, presented his credentials to the president on Friday and was duly received.

—The inhabitants of Victoria desire annexation to United States. Do they wish a similar experience to that we of the south are enjoying at the hands of "the best government the world ever saw?"

—The Charleston *Courier* of Wednesday, says the Albany *Argus* of Avery has been suspended by Gen. Pope on the charge of disloyalty. What next?

—A Cincinnati bankrupt takes into court there a statement of his liabilities, which foot up $89,000, against which he shows $150 assets.

—In Washington City rumor says that negotiations are positively in progress for the acquisition by the United of the Sandwich Islands.

—The receipts from distilled spirits and tobacco up to the year ending June 30th, was large in excess of any former like period.

—The total deaths in New Orleans, from August 12 to August 24, inclusive, were 416, including eighty-nine by yellow fever and twenty-five by cholera.

—The New Orleans foreign advices assert that the recent conference of the Austrian and French emperors was in regard to another and joint invasion of Mexico. The French claims of 1861 are still unsettled, and the Hapsburg is burning to revenge his brother's murder. Can the United States legitimately interfere?

—Four tenement houses on the corner of Fourteenth street and Third avenue, Chicago, were destroyed by fire Saturday morning. Loss eleven thousand dollars.

—The steamer Guidon arrived at Omaha, from Fort Benton, on the 19th ult., with half a million in treasure.

—Down east camp meetings are said to be getting less and less religious. They might as well be called scamp meetings.

—At New Orleans the grand jury was in effect interfering with the judiciary, including the supreme court of the United States as a whole. He then proceeds to examine the reconstruction acts and an act relating to appeals and writs of error to the supreme court to show that congress has no jurisdiction of the question or interruption of the regular sessions of the court by rebellion, etc., the judicial establishment was perfectly intact, as if there had been no rebellion and no occasion for reconstructive legislation. He then quotes from the law providing punishment for all persons resisting, obstructing or impeding any officer in serving an execution process of the court, etc., and declares that these laws are still in force, and the president is bound to enforce them, and if he could be supposed to be willing to suspend he has not the power. The attorney-general concluded his argument as to allow all processes of federal courts run in the name of the president of the United States, because mandates of the court call him to action as they do to submission, and he must execute them as laws of the highest sanctity by the whole power of the nation if necessary. Is your excellency in a state of collision with the national judiciary? If not, since the whole executive power is thus vested in you by the organic law, and can be diverted by nothing but a change of the organic law during your incumbency, it must follow that the collision of authority which is the subject hereof, is the misdemeanor of a contumacious and unfaithful executive agent, who, having offended against the lawful power of the judiciary, has rendered himself liable to prosecution according to law; but the great responsibility which appears to me to arise on such an occasion, and when the physical power of the offender is able to do this, that for the sole executive to suffer the judiciary to be overthrown in any case would be, and, therefore, I am solemnly impressed with the belief that unless the president promptly refuse the contumely disclosed to him he will be exposed to the just imputation of a culpable insensibility to the co-ordinative dignity and paramount sanctity of the national department of just contempt of law indulged, speedily grasps at the heartstrings of public order and teaches history.

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CINCINNATI, August 31.—The Jones and McCool fight produced intense excitement. Jones was unconscious for ten minutes after the fight. Two of his ribs were broken. Elliott, of Cleveland, challenged McCool.

Noon Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, September 2.—Attorney-General Brinckle, under date of August 24th, submitts to the president a very long opinion in regard to Gen. Sickles' interference with the execution of a judgment of the strict court of the United States, Chief Justice Chase presiding, under his order No. 10. After reciting at length the circumstances of such interference, and quoting a paragraph of said order prohibiting the enforcement of the judgment or decrees for payment of money, as causes of action arising between the 19th of September, 1860, and the 15th of July, 1861, the Attorney-General argues at length that the judicial powers of the United States are invested anterior to the laws of congress by special provision of the constitution. A similar grant of jurisdiction by Gen. Sikles must have appeared ridiculous, had such been inserted in his order. The attorney-general refers to the announcement of the chief justice that it was incompatible with the authority of the national judiciary to sit where a military authority existed which could impede its process, and that it was solely in consequence of the fact that no such military authority then existed that he felt willing to hold that court. He therefore submits that in case is one of those which lie within the provisions of the statute in force for the punishment of persons who obstruct the process of the United States courts, and is simply the case of a high misdemeanor legally contemplated. The attorney-general then proceeds to argue at great length the supremacy of the court under the constitution over military authority, and cites numerous authorities to support the position and define the scope and extent of these powers, showing by them tha whenever within the territory of the United States, irrespectively of persons or circumstances, a matter of controversy arises which is distinctly comprehended under any one of the clauses of the constitution, and which is in such a position as to be susceptible of judicial action, it must go within the judication or else must be adjudicated by the courts of the United States. This provision being organic, it is beyond the legislative power, if tha would be supposed ever to have made the attempt, to refer the adjudication of any such case against the consent of parties or in derrogation of the power of the judiciary, the executive power or to any power or agency whatever. He argues that the action of the judiciary would be wholly ineffetual unless the result in each proper case was conclusive and binding upon other branches of the government, and the entre people of the country. To control on proceedings it would exercise control over the court, the judges and the parties. This would not be controlling, but abolishing courts. He argues that congress cannot abolish the judicial districts, and that its powers cannot go beyond modifying and changing from time to times, in their wisdom, may seem expediest to the organization of the courts and the division of the country into judicial districts, but, having once vested judicial power, which, as we are instructed, congress was bound to do, that body cannot have power to vacate any judicial tract. He then proceeds to show, by citations from the laws of congress establishing and defining the judicial districts of North Carolina, its status, by these acts and the allotment of judges, by the supreme court, under them. It is shown that whenever, under the constitution of the United States, either of authority or jurisdiction, attaches to districts or circuits as they stand in the statute books, was intended to be, and must be held of full force and virtue now, as heretofore. If it be admitted that the judicial power is intact in the district of North Carolina, though the subject matter of its authority is limited to a category; it is certain that upon these subjects and matters courts of the United States for that district are supreme authority. He argues that the judgment of such a court, as of rights of person and property, the commanding general of a military district is bound to protect and enforce in this view. He says the error of Gen. Sickles reaches fully the statute of a provision of authority which, if persisted in, must immediately acquire the character of seating the county of the United States, an undertaking which would not for a moment be imputed to the deliberate intention of an officer honorably distinguished for his gallantry in defense of the constitution. In this, as in many other matters, there has been a doubt as to jurisdiction; but he would not insult the intelligence of the commander of the second reconstruction district to inquire whether or not he supposed himself authorized by law to forbid the supreme court of the United States from hearing causes affecting inhabitants of the states of North Carolina and South Carolina without his consent. He must take it for certain that Gen. Sickles could not, when issuing his order No. 10, have contemplated disputing with his authority, the supreme bench. It is equally certain if he had been disposed to ascertain his authority through an adjudication by a competent court, a decision might have been procured. The attorney general then proceeds to show that Gen. Sickles, in interfering with the district court, was in effect interfering with the judiciary, including the supreme court of the United States as a whole. He then proceeds to examine the reconstruction acts and an act relating to appeals and writs of error to the supreme court to show that congress has no jurisdiction of the question or interruption of the regular sessions of the court by rebellion, etc., the judicial establishment was perfectly intact, as if there had been no rebellion and no occasion for reconstructive legislation. 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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

MEMPHIS.

TUESDAY, : : : : : SEPTEMBER 3, 1867

ALBERT PIKE, EDITOR.
LEON TROUSDALE, ASSOCIATE EDITOR.
St. CLAIR DEARING, NEWS EDITOR.
HARRY BERR, CRITIC LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

Editorial Rooms—No. 293 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS OVER GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Business Office—No. 13 MADISON STREET.

MENDACITY.

The New York *Tribune*, with great pretences to honest frankness and fairness, has really become one of the most unscrupulous journals in the country,—especially unscrupulous, too, as to what it states in respect of matters to misrepresent which to the people is not only disgraceful but criminal. To state or to insinuate what is false, or to use a fraudulent argument, in order to impute evil motives to a public officer and impugn his conduct as unjustifiable, and so to influence the people against him, in a matter of the greatest public moment, is a very grave offense, and a very dishonorable, despicable and detestable one, although such things have become so common as to pass at most unnoticed. It seems almost like making a mountain out of a mole-hill, to treat such misdemeanors as of any serious importance, and express any indignation at them; and yet there are few things that are more shameful, few that are more injurious, none that more deserve reprobation and call more loudly for reform. For common as it has become, and venial as it seems, it is a manifestation of the same moral disease, of which it may be said, in the words of CICERO, "*hinc sicæ, hinc venena, hinc falsa testimonia nascuntur.*"

The President has found it necessary to transfer Generals SHERIDAN and SICKLES to other commands. They were selected by himself to command the Districts in which they have abused their powers. Congress left the selection to the President; and he of course has the power to make changes and transfers when he pleases, being accountable to no one for doing so. But the President is singularly unpopular; the people of the North may truly be said to hate and detest him; he has no party; and when the press remarks on his acts, it is infamous not to treat him fairly and with common charity. The *Tribune* warns him again not to go too far in trying the patience of the people, or he will repent it;—i.e., it threatens him again with impeachment,—for it has all the insolence of an inflated self-importance. It knows that its readers will snap eagerly at whatsoever is calculated to prove the President in the wrong, and, when no one can foresee the consequences of an attempt to depose him, it ought to be particularly cautious and scrupulous, not to state anything that is not true, or press any point that is unfair, in order to still more exasperate the people against him.

See now what it does do. It says this about the removal of SICKLES:

What order Gen. Sickles has disobeyed, what authority he has usurped, the people have not yet been informed. The president, in removing him, has simply exercised arbitrary power without justification or excuse. Gen. Sickles has been removed solely because he enforces the laws of congress according to the letter and in the spirit the people dictate—because the president will not have them enforced. It is war upon the laws that Mr. Johnson has begun—plain war, under the color of executive authority to remove and appoint.

It is not necessary for the President to inform the people what his reasons are for sending Colonel SICKLES, only a Major-General by brevet, back to the command of his Regiment. He has not yet gained a right by prescription from length of time, to be continued in command of a District, in preference to many other officers quite as fit and competent as he, and of higher actual rank. Colonels of Regiments should be with their Regiments, commanding them, wherever they are. All that is a matter which the Constitution has entrusted to the discretion of the President, and has not required him to consult HORACE GREELEY or OTTERSON, or any other of the *Tribune* folks, before venturing to act.

The paragraph which we quote from the *Tribune* contains a wilful and deliberate falsehood in its very first sentence. The people *have* been informed that SICKLES has usurped the power to prevent by his mere order the execution of a writ issued in execution of a judgment of the Circuit Court of the United States, in doing which he has committed a crime, defined by and punishable under an express act of Congress, and for which he ought to be laid by the heels in jail, like any other malefactor. *General* SICKLES is merely Judge LYNCH in uniform. A thousand acts of Congress could not give *him* the power, in time of peace, to impede the execution of the process of a court of the United States. And if they could, the reconstruction acts *have* not given him any such power. If his subaltern, FRANK, in resisting the execution of the process, had killed the Marshal, SICKLES' *Order* could not have saved his neck from the halter.

The *Tribune* states what is false, in saying that the President, in removing SICKLES, has exercised arbitrary power without justification or excuse. Not only so,—not only did his oath *compel* him to do it, but it is ridiculous for the zany of the *Tribune* to gabble about the transfer of an officer from one post or command to another, being an act of arbitrary power. No officer has any *right* to any particular post or station. The only *right* of SICKLES is, to command his regiment, and to go with it wherever he is ordered. The President *made* SICKLES commander of the District, and, considering all his antecedents, it was a very poor business. He had the power and right to unmake him when he chose: and a Sub. suddenly ordered from a comfortable post on the Atlantic to one in Walrussia or Utah might just as well babble about the order, being an exercise of arbitrary power, without justification or excuse, as for the *Tribune* to do it in behalf of SICKLES.

It is an equally flagrant and foolish falsehood to say that he was *removed*, solely because he enforced the laws of Congress according to the letter and in the spirit the people dictate. He has gone far beyond the letter or spirit of the laws, as far as these are ascertainable from the language of the laws themselves. The Attorney-General officially declared him guilty of gross usurpations of power. Congress undertook to approve these by a subsequent resolution, that could not make them to have been any the less usurpations. Where was or is the *law*, authorizing him to fine a captain of a steam-ship, by means of a Military Commission, for refusing to carry a negro wench in the ladies' cabin? Where was or is the law empowering him to halt a peaceful procession of firemen, and compel them to procure a national flag, and with genuflexions pay it their adoration, and carry it with them through the streets?

Take now a specimen of the miserable unfairness and low disingenuousness of this pretender to fairness and honesty, which was once a Whig journal, and seemed to have a conscience. It says:

The president says truly of General Thomas,

"He has not failed under the most trying circumstances, to enforce the laws, to preserve peace and order, to encourage the restoration of civil authority, and to promote, as far as possible, a spirit of reconciliation. His administration of the department of the Cumberland will certainly compare most favorably with that of Gen. Sheridan in the fifth military district. There, affairs appear to be in a disturbed condition, and a bitter spirit of antagonism seems to have resulted from Gen. Sheridan's management."

Now, the record is clear that Louisiana has been decidedly more tranquil for the year past than Tennessee, and with far fewer outrages and murders. We are sure Gen. Thomas has done all a man could do, considering his means; yet there has been scores of assassinations—not confined to either party—with deadly affrays at several public meetings. The "disturbed condition" and "bitter spirit of antagonism" are more pronounced and unquestionable than those of Louisiana. Yet the commander of one is virtually disgraced while he of the other is commended. With what reason?

Do you suppose, that the writer of that paragraph *overlooked* the fact that Tennessee is a State in the Union, not part of a Military District governed by the Reconstruction Act; and that General THOMAS has had no *power* to act, and with the sense of propriety that belongs to most officers of the old army, has refrained from committing crimes against the Constitution, and violations of the rights of the States and of citizens, under the pretence of maintaining order? Of course the *Tribune*-Editor *knew* that the difference existed; but he KNEW, also, that this would not occur to one of his readers in ten, and he was very careful not to suggest it.

It is a great pity that a reform could not be initiated, in these disreputable habits of the political press. A lie is really none the less dishonourable, when written to be published in the columns of a newspaper, than when told aloud on the streets. Fairness is as honorable to an Editor as to an advocate: and little as the world may think so, the unfair and disingenuous Editor is a disgrace to his profession, just as much as a tricky pettifogging lawyer is to his: and the Editor who will lie in his columns, or copy a lie, knowing it be one, will lie in private life, and is not merely no gentleman, but not an honest man.

For GOD's sake, Brethren of the Press, let us *begin* a reform, at least, in this matter. It is even demanded by considerations of self-interest: for the character of the Press for unfairness, upvercity and pettifogging has become so completely established and so generally acknowledged, as to have already in a great measure destroyed its influence and usefulness; and lies have even become in a great measure unprofitable, because they are too common and abundant, and rarely believed. A reform is indispensable. Who will begin it? If a British officer lies, he is kicked out of his club, and sent to Coventry in his mess. Is the honour of an Editor of a lower strain or less valuable than that of an Ensign in a shell-jacket? Why should not the Editor, claiming to be the Teacher of the people and the adviser of Magistrates, and the Censor of public and private morals, say, like the noble:

"Honour's a lease for lives to come,
And cannot be extended from
The legal tenant!"

ONE OF THE HISTORICAL MYSTERIES.

The question as to whether J. WILKES BOOTH was really killed, seems not to be settled to the satisfaction of an ever curious public. Ever and anon some plausible rumor reaches the ear of the multitude, which confounds opinion and leads to doubt. The fact, that the payment of a large reward depended upon the evidence of the identity of the body, has lead many to believe that a natural cupidity decided the verdict. That true couplet of the Scotch Bard is remembered suggestively:

"When *self* the wavering balance shakes,
'Tis rarely right adjusted."

So the killing of BOOTH is positively ignored, because an ambitious corporal secured a sum of money from the Government for his supposed taking off.

A letter written by Prof. WM. A. FRAZER, from Bombay, is published in the Louisville *Journal*, which gives plausibility to the belief that BOOTH may be alive, in the island of Ceylon. Prof. FRAZER is himself fully convinced of the facts he relates, which briefly are, that two sea captains, Capt. TOLBERT and Capt. HUNT, laid a wager of £2,000 on the point of BOOTH being alive; the former undertaking to convince the latter, by showing him the person of BOOTH. The latter claimed to have known him intimately. They both then sailed for the place of BOOTH's residence, and after a voyage of some weeks, Capt. HUNT became satisfied and gave up the valuable wager, equal to $10,000 in gold. The place of concealment is supposed to be the island of Ceylon. But in order that the mystery may not be cleared up, to the satisfaction of mankind, Capt. HUNT was required to take an oath, before sailing on his voyage of discovery, which he signed with blood, let out of a vein in his arm, that he would not divulge the location of BOOTH.

If this strange narrative be true, the admirers of the manner in which RICHELIEU played the part of the fox, when he could no longer personate the lion, will have to subside. BOOTH has fairly eclipsed the statesman cardinal in his own *role*.

So the curious question which has divided speculation in the literary world, as to the authorship of the JUNIUS letters, must acknowledge a rival of similar mysterious and startling interest—a question always destined to engulf opinion, confound truth and multiply uncertainty.

A BRAYING CHURCH ORGAN.

One of the latest tricks of the Radical catch-penny-a-liners of the North is to start a sixteen page paper in New York and Brooklyn, called the *Church Union*, which, on its face, professes to be devoted to a union of all churches of Christ under one banner. It is elegantly gotten up on book-paper and clear beautiful type, and contains a number of brotherly editorials, criticisms, etc. But in each number it gives a *hoarse, loud bray*, which unmistakably indicates the *genus* of brutes to which it belongs. For example, under the head of "Public Opinion King" it thus betrays both its paternity and maternity:

"Andrew Johnson abdicated the office of president of the United States the day that he telegraphed to Mayor Munroe, of New Orleans, whatever stands recorded in his work of participation in the business of the murder of the martyr Dostie. Since that time he has been busy repenting the fatal edict of abdication, and the American people have been equally vigilant lest he should take steps to get back again into his seat. A few days since he screamed it into the ears of a still doubtful people who were more than half willing to receive him back: 'I do hereby, by the power in me vested as president of the United States, (not remove Secretary Stanton—not propose to remove the valorous and incorruptible Sheridan—but abdicate.' This is the meaning of his proclamations, and most uproariously do the people shout 'amen.'"

And much more of the same sort of "Church Union." This ass with the lion's skin—this wolf in sheep's clothing—has the asinine effrontery to request the APPEAL to give publication to his prospectus, without charge. "If the court knows herself, and she thinks she does," we shall decline to do so, until we see "the lion and the lamb lie down together," and until we witness not only fraternity, but equality proclaimed and practised between the king of the beasts and the braying brute of which the "Church Union" is the prototype and exemplar. The idea of a journal which professes to advocate the pure principles of Christianity, without adulteration of sect or human creed, lending itself in leading editorials to the detestable dogmas of sectional hate and despotic Radicalism, is one of the most disgusting features of the evil times which have fallen upon us.

The Freedmen's Bureau.

The southern papers are filled with accounts of the frauds and impositions perpetrated by the photograph peddling, counterfeit money passing "friends" of the negro from New England. The freedmen's bureau itself, pretending to be for the benefit of the blacks, and absorbing annually millions of the public money, is sucking the life blood of northern tax payers for the sake of putting nine dollars and seventy-five cents into the pockets of the radical agents and Barnacles of the bureau, and spending the remaining two shillings of every ten dollars for the negro. The cant of philanthropy has hitherto covered much of the pilfering and plundering of these radical officials, just as the *Tribune* endeavors to offset the enormity of the present radical manipulation of the newly enfranchised negroes, by pathetic allusion to the schoolmistresses who are teaching blacks "for a pittance;" but the tax payers of the country are beginning to take practical views of these and kindred matters.—*N. Y. World.*

Custom Receipts.

The receipts from customs from the 1st to the 10th instant have been as follows:

At New York	$2,767,686 69
At Boston	468,139 38
At Philadelphia	225,518 83
At Baltimore	130,926 29
At New Orleans	59,028 30
Total	$3,670,415 49

An Irish paper reporting the loss of a steamer says: The captain swam ashore, so did the stewardess. She was insured for £5000 and loaded with pigs.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—There were thirty interments from yellow fever yesterday. Among the victims was Tom King, the pugilist, and Lieut. McCormick, of the iron clad Mobsaka.

The official order relieving Gen. Sheridan was received this morning at headquarters. Gen. Griffin has been telegraphed for. Upon his arrival Sheridan takes his departure. Cols. Sheridan, Forsythe and Moore accompany him.

LOUISVILLE, September 2.—The river is rising, with three feet nine inches in the canal.

The Black Crook was produced at the Louisville theater to-night, to an overflowing house. Gov. Bramlette and staff were in attendance.

WASHINGTON, September 2.—A warrant was issued from the treasury department to-day for $431,706,590 in coin, in payment for the interest due on 1,405 up to the first instant.

The secretary of the treasury received a dispatch to-day from special agent Bell, at Galveston, stating that the yellow fever there is fatal beyond precedent. Out of twenty-six officers in the custom house, only three are fit for duty, and the remainder are either sick or dead. The department has issued instructions for the removal of the custom house further down the island, and outside of the city limits.

NEW YORK, August 2.—The steamer Chancery brings California mails to the 10th ult., and $111,332 in gold, also Panama advises to the 33d ult.

A plot for a revolution in favor of Mosquira had been discovered at Panama, and the leaders arrested.

The preaching of two Capuchins at Chololonags, in Salvador, a place formerly noted for its laxity of morals, induced six hundred couples to get married, and nine hundred partook of the holy sacrament.

The cholera is dying out in Nicaragua, but is still raging in some districts.

The Peruvian congress will probably pass a law allowing Spaniards to remain in the country, but in case of acts against the republic, to be tried and punished for high treason.

Congress also favors the reduction of the standing army to 6,000.

Rumors of outbreaks were rife, but the authorities seemed prepared for any emergency.

Fears of the return of the Spanish fleet were about dissipated, and work on the batteries at Callos was about suspended.

A furious storm at Valparaiso on June 27th, did much damage to the shipping and dwellings. One bark was wrecked, and ten lives were lost.

Gen. Hovey, the American minister to Lima, was in Chili, and a rumor prevailed that his mission was relative to the meeting of Minister United States in the affair with Spain.

The *Herald's* Washington special says in relation to the forthcoming amnesty proclamation, that those who are supposed to know something of the president's intentions, say pardons will be granted to all classes of rebels except those guilty of piracy and cruel treatment of union soldiers. This amnesty will restore the parties concerned to all civil rights except those taken away by acts of congress.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, September 2.—Cotton, unchanged; sales, 800 bales; uplands, 27c. Flour, low grades scarce and steady. Whisky, more active; western, in bond, 40c. Wheat, dull. Corn, active, $1 16@$1 17 for new mixed western. Oats, heavy, 2@3c lower for old western. Rice, nominally unchanged. Coffee, quiet and very firm. Sugar, firm at 13c for Porto Rico; 11½@11¾ for fair. Molasses, nominally unchanged. Pork, dull and heavy, $23 25 for new mess. Lard, quiet and heavy.

Weekly Bank Statement.—Loans, $247,877,062; decrease, $2,830,215; specie, $7,271,595; increase, $1,243,060; circulation, $33,715,128; decrease, $2,413,214; legal tenders, $47,932,571. Money easy and steady at 4@5c for call loans. Sterling steady at 9½@9¾. Gold 41¾. Government stocks firm; coupons of '61, 111¾. Stocks steady; Adams Express company 74@74¼. Merchants' Union 16 @17; Hudson railroad 124½@125; W. U. telegraph company 42½@43; Erie railroad 69½@69¾; New York Central 105¾.

NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—Cotton sales, 300 bales; low middling, 24½@25c; receipts, 278 bales. Sugar and molasses quiet and unchanged. Flour dull; superfine, $8 95; choice, $11 50@12 50. Corn dull and supply light; white, 81 37½. Oats dull, 70c. Pork in good demand at $26 50. Bacon active, 13¾c for shoulders. Clear sides, 17@18c. Lard in demand—tierces, 13½; keg, 15c. Gold, 40½@40¾. Sterling, 53@55. New York sight, ¼ premium.

CINCINNATI, September 2.—Flour is unchanged; family, $10@10 50. Wheat is firm and quiet, $2 25. Corn, $1 05. Oats, 56c. Rye, $1 25. Cotton is dull and unchanged; uplands, 24½@25c. The first bale of new cotton of this season was sold to-day at 50c; it classed as middling uplands. Whisky is steady at 32c. Pork, $23. Bulk meats firm; shoulders, 11¾c; sides, 13¾c. Bacon inactive; shoulders, 13c; clear rib sides, 15½c; clear sides, 16½c. Lard, 12½c. Groceries are steady. Coffee, 22@27c. Sugar, 12@15c.

LOUISVILLE, September 2.—Sales of 73 hhds tobacco to-day at from $4 80 for lugs to $17 50 for medium leaf. Flour is quiet; superfine, $7. Wheat, $2 10 Corn in car, 86c. Whisky 39c in bond. Low middling cotton, 23@24c.

OBITUARY.

GOZZA.—Died at his residence in Bolivar county, Miss., on the 8th of August, 1867, Mr. S. D. GOZZA, aged thirty years.

"Gird up thy mind to contemplation, tremble ning inhabitant of earth!
Tenant of a decreed *for a day*—thou art the bier of the universe forever!
For, neither congealing of the grave, nor the gulfing waters of the firmament,
Nor expansive airs of Heaven, nor dissipative flow of Gehenna,
Nor rust of rest, nor wear, nor waste, nor loss, nor chance, nor change,
Shall avail to quench or overwhelm the spark of soul within thee!"

We know that "Obituaries" do the dead no good; nor do we write to flatter the friends and relatives of the deceased. Our purpose is to give to the public some of his leading characteristics and many virtues, as examples worthy of emulation. We leave out nothing of the early history of Mr. G. At the commencement of the late war, he was planting in Washington county, Miss. After the Mississippi river fell into the possession of the Federals, he removed with his family to Texas, and served with the Confederate forces on the west side of the Mississippi river. After the surrender, he removed to Bolivar county, Miss., where he purchased a place and soon became identified with the country. He has left a wife and four small children to mourn his loss, and to make the journey of life without his companionship or assistance. This will be a great trial for them, and it is a sacrifice they can never be able to comprehend. Words but faintly express our true sympathy for friends so suddenly stricken, but time and the faithful discharge of the duties and obligations of life will bring to them comfort and resignation. We need scarcely say that the deceased was a most affectionate husband and father, and one of the best of friends and neighbors. (To be a good neighbor and warm friend is in our estimation a great quality and virtue in man, especially when we consider how few can be found in an extensive acquaintance who truly deserve the appellation.) Possessed of a genial nature, his social qualities were of the highest order. He was affable and kind to all. One thing may be said of him which can be said of but few, he passed through the war without its having left any canker or blight upon his heart. He lost a large property by the result of the war, but it had no depressing effect upon his mind. He was as hopeful, as kind-hearted and as charitable as though he had lost nothing. The deceased was public-spirited to a high degree, and although his family's loss is very great and irreparable, this community has lost much in the untimely death of S. D. GOZZA. W.

VINE LAND, BOLIVAR COUNTY, MISS., August, 1867.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of Dr. R. D. Ward and family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his wife, CLARISSA L. WARD, from the First Presbyterian Church, corner of Third and Poplar streets, this day at three o'clock p.m.

Services by Rev. Dr. Steadman.

Carriages in attendance at the church, and at Thos. O. Smith's, Undertaker, No. 59 Monroe street.

FOR SALE—

One 12-Horse Stationary Engine and Boiler, nearly new, for sale cheap.

LUNN & MALLON,
293 Main street.

ST. CLAIR HOTEL, ST. LOUIS, MO.,

Corner Third and Market Streets.

CLEAN BEDDING AND GOOD TABLE. $2 50 per day.

sep3 1m J. CHESLEY, Proprietor.

Wants from Mississippi.

A SITUATION in a Wholesale Grocery Store is preferred, by a man of Steady Moral Character. He has had some experience in Book-keeping. His acquaintance extends to Chickasaw, Oktibbeha, Lowndes, Monroe and Pontotoc Counties, Miss. Perfect satisfaction given as to character, qualification, etc. For the present address D, Box 250, Corinth.

sep3

J. M. GOODBAR, Late of Bransford, Goodbar & Co.
J. R. S. GILLILAND, Late with Southworth, Nance & Co.

COODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS and SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main St., (Webster Block),

Between Adams and Washington,

se3 MEMPHIS, TENN.

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

COTTON GINS,

Cotton Presses.

MADE BY

KINGSLANDS & FERGUSON,
Corner Second and Cherry Streets,
se3 3m St. Louis, Mo.

BROADWAY HOTEL,

Cor. Broadway and Biddle Streets,

ST. LOUIS.

MICHAEL ADAMI & CO.,
se3 1m PROPRIETORS.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

(*Formerly Galt House,*)

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

WASHINGTON, September 2.—A warrant was issued from the treasury department to-day for $431,706,590 in coin, in payment for the interest due on 1,405 up to the first instant.

The secretary of the treasury received a dispatch to-day from special agent Bell, at Galveston, stating that the yellow fever there is fatal beyond precedent. Out of twenty-six officers in the custom house, only three are fit for duty, and the remainder are either sick or dead. The department has issued instructions for the removal of the custom house further down the island, and outside of the city limits.

NEW YORK, August 2.—The steamer Chancery brings California mails to the 10th ult., and $111,332 in gold, also Panama advises to the 33d ult.

A plot for a revolution in favor of Mosquira had been discovered at Panama, and the leaders arrested.

The preaching of two Capuchins at Chololonags, in Salvador, a place formerly noted for its laxity of morals, induced six hundred couples to get married, and nine hundred partook of the holy sacrament.

The cholera is dying out in Nicaragua, but is still raging in some districts.

The Peruvian congress will probably pass a law allowing Spaniards to remain in the country, but in case of acts against the republic, to be tried and punished for high treason.

Congress also favors the reduction of the standing army to 6,000.

Rumors of outbreaks were rife, but the authorities seemed prepared for any emergency.

Fears of the return of the Spanish fleet were about dissipated, and work on the batteries at Callos was about suspended.

A furious storm at Valparaiso on June 27th, did much damage to the shipping and dwellings. One bark was wrecked, and ten lives were lost.

Gen. Hovey, the American minister to Lima, was in Chili, and a rumor prevailed that his mission was relative to the meeting of Minister United States in the affair with Spain.

The *Herald's* Washington special says in relation to the forthcoming amnesty proclamation, that those who are supposed to know something of the president's intentions, say pardons will be granted to all classes of rebels except those guilty of piracy and cruel treatment of union soldiers. This amnesty will restore the parties concerned to all civil rights except those taken away by acts of congress.

YOUNG LADIES'

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

Forest Hill, Tenn.

Second Monday in September, 1867.

Forest-Hill is truly an *Educational House*, each of success, yet shut off from distracting influences. This institution is, in all its appointments, well fitted to send forth healthy, intelligent, accomplished graduates. None other than the best of Teachers are here retained.

For Circulars apply to

Rev. B. MILLER, Proprietor,
au3 2w—se3 Germantown, Tenn.

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the style of Herbert Bell & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party is authorized to use the name of firm in settling my business of same.

HERBERT BELL,
WM. F. ANDERSON.

MEMPHIS, August 31, 1867.

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission and Forwarding business, and the sale of Country produce, and hope by close attention to business and the interest of our customers, to retain the confidence of those who favor us with their patronage.

F. J. ATTWOOD,
WM. F. ANDERSON.

MEMPHIS, September 1, 1867.

F. J. ATTWOOD, Late of Elliott & Co.
W. F. ANDERSON, Late of Herbert Bell & Co.

ATTWOOD & ANDERSON,

General Commission AND *Forwarding Merchants,*

And dealers in Hay, Corn, Oats, Bran, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Whisky, etc.

No. 2 Promenade, foot of Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

I TAKE this opportunity of calling the attention of my friends to the above firm of Attwood & Anderson, and desire a continuance of the kind support and patronage extended to the late firm of Herbert Bell & Co.

HERBERT BELL.

se2 1m

YAEGER & CO.

MILLERS'

Agents for the Sale of

FLOUR!

BROCKSCHMIDT, Fagin's Four Ace, Mascouttah Star, Nashville Mills, Andy Johnson, Prince of Orange, O'Fallon, Stonewall Jackson, Eisenmayer's Cream, Sauters' Extra, Lebanon Star, Nashville Mills, Harryman's Extra, Franklin, Bartlett's Cholee, R. E. Lee.

We respectfully solicit the attention of Flour buyers to the above brands, all of which are so well and so favorably known throughout the entire South as "Old Standard Brands," that words of commendation are but useless. To these, we are the exclusive Agents for many more favorite Brands of Double and Single Extra, Bakers' Superfine and Plantation Flour, and Four Ace Cornmeal.

Our stock is usually large; all Cash orders promptly filled, and every advantage the market affords will be faithfully accorded to our customers. Correspondence solicited from all who desire information in our line.

YAEGER & CO.,
Second and Washington Ave.,
se3 ST. LOUIS, MO.

FRANKLIN

JOB PRINTING HOUSE

No. 15 West Court Street.

PRINTING AT THE LOWEST PRICES!

ANNUAL CIRCULAR.

MEMPHIS, September 1, 1867.

At the commencement of another Commercial Year the undersigned again tenders his services to the Merchants and Business Men of Memphis, and to all those desiring any kind of FINE JOB PRINTING.

The material of the Franklin Job Printing House consists of the most perfect PRESSES, and the newest and most beautiful styles of TYPES, BORDERS, SCRIPS, DESIGNS and ORNAMENTS now known to the art.

Particular attention will be paid to fillingorders for Business Cards, Circulars, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Bill Heads, Tags, Receipt and Check Books, Bills Lading, Dray Tickets, and every description of Printing required in the successful production of business during the coming season.

It will be the determination of the Proprietor in the future, as it has been in the past, to do the very BEST WORK, and the prices shall be as low as any house in the city.

MOTTO: FINE PRINTING PROMPTLY EXECUTED, AT LOW PRICES.

Thankful to my friends and patrons for the business of the past year, I solicit a continuance of their favors.

Respectfully,

se3 S. C. TOOF, Proprietor.

SOUTH KENTUCKY

Female Institute,

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

THIS College will open on the 16th September, and close on Friday, in the fourth week in June. The session will embrace two terms of 20 weeks each.

TERMS:

For Board, including light and fuel, for 20 weeks, $100. Tuition in English, $25; Latin, Greek, German and French, each $10; Music on Piano, $50; Use of Instrument, $5; Harp, Organ, Melodeon, Guitar and Violin, each $25; Vocal Music, $25; Drawing and Painting, $25; Painting and Painting at Professor's prices; Washing, 50 cents per dozen. All charges must be paid at the beginning of each term of 20 weeks. No deduction for absence or withdrawal, unless occasioned by sickness.

Address the subscriber, at "Hopkinsville, Ky." JAS. W. GOSS, Principal.

REMARKS BY TRUSTEES.

The Trustees of South Kentucky Female Institute are glad to announce to all who desire to give their daughters the best facilities in social, literary and moral improvement, that they have secured the services of Elder JAS. W. GOSS, A. M., of Virginia, whose large experience and distinguished success in building up and governing for nine years the celebrated "Piedmont Female Academy," of that State, furnish the most confident assurance of his ability to give entire satisfaction to the patrons of the School. Mrs. GOSS, who will be the Matron of the School, is a lady of rare worth, who have large experience in teaching, will labor to promote the physical health and comfort, the literary and social welfare of the girls placed under their charge; and their success will hardly be doubted by those acquainted with the literary and social worth they share in the hearts of hundreds of young ladies in Virginia, who during the years of their schooling we placed under their care.

The College buildings, which cost between thirty and forty thousand dollars, crown a beautiful suburban eminence, which commands a view of a vast area of beautiful country. It has indeed all the advantages of a country residence, while the beautiful town at the base of the hill, College, public churches and every institution that recreation or improvement may demand. There is no health-ier spot in South Kentucky. The inmates of the School have always been exempt from epidemics, and have enjoyed as uninterrupted health as any school in the Union.

Charles M. Day, R. S. McReynolds,
Jno. B. Knight, D. J. Bradley,
E. H. Hopper, Geo. Pallderter,
R. B. Campbell, John Bowman, se3

NEW ADVERTISEM'TS

MUSICAL NOTICE.

MR. H. SEYFET begs to announce to his patrons that he has returned and is ready to resume his Lessons. Communications addressed to Mr. F. Arzenbaen will be promptly attended to. se3 1w

H. HARDER,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

No. 262 Second Street,

Opposite Court Square, MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEPS constany on hand the best quality of custom-made boots and shoes. se3 1w

Disolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the style of ROBESON, MITCHELL & CO. is dissolved by the withdrawal of H. R. MITCHELL. The business will be continued by ROBESON & SNEED.

All parties indebted to the late firm of ROBESON, MITCHELL & CO. are requested to make immediate settlement. Either of the undersigned will sign in liquidation.

H. S. ROBESON,
J. W. SNEED,
305 Main Street.

Memphis, August 31, 1867. se3 3t

A. M. PRICE, of St. Louis, Mo.
WM. E. YEATMAN, of Nashville, Tenn.

PRICE & YEATMAN,

GENERAL COMMISSION —AND— Forwarding Merchants,

NO. 11 IONROE STREET,

HAVE for sale the following brands of Flour: Potter's, Magnolia XXX, Pride of Tennessee, Fulton XX, Randolph Mills, Alexander, Murrayville XX, Home Mills, Peyiona, and Atlantic Mills. All be in constant receipt of the Excelsior line "Southern Queen" Corn Meal. Also, of Muth & Fleiman's Baltimore Cove Oysters, Canned Fruits, Vegetables, etc.

Sole Agents for Wm. M. Price's Tobaccos, St. Louis. Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Flour, Corn Meal, Provisions and Produce solicited.

se3 1m

Copartnership.

WE, the Subscribers, have formed a partnership for the purpose of doing a Cotton Factorage and Commission Business, under the name of Trotte & McGee.

G. W. TROTTER,
WM. McGEE.

se3 1w

G. W. TROTTER, WM. McGEE.

TROTTER & McGEE,

Cotton Factors —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 14 Monroe Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

BAGGING, ROPE and TIES furnished at the lowest market price.

Memphis, Sept. 1, 1867. se3

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

STRAUBS' GRIST MILLS, Wheeler, Madden & Benson's Circular Saws, Hall's Fire Proof Safes.

For sale at Factory prices by

McCOMBS & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS,

Nos. 322½ and 324 Main Street,

au9—au30 MEMPHIS, TENN.

STRATTON, GOYER & CO.,

WHOLESALE CROCERS —AND— COTTON FACTORS,

No. 228 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

WE have a first-class FIRE-PROOF COTTON WAREHOUSE, in which we will store and handle our own Cotton.

We are Agents for BEARDS IRON TIES, and have on hand 200 tons both of the Lock and Buckle Ties. And also have a choice supply of the following articles:

1000 Pieces Bagging, of the Eagle Ward & Todd brands,
300 Whole and Half Coils best Machine Rope,
100 Bales best Baling Twine,
500 Bbls Flour, from T. Harrison down to common Superfine,
100 C'ks Bacon, clear sides & Shoulders,
75 Tierces Hams, sugar cured & plain,
150 Barrels of Mess and Rump Pork,
300 Kegs best Leaf Lard,
500 Packages Star Candles,
300 Sacks Coffee, choice Rio and Java,
10 Hhds Centrifugal and Porto Rico Sugar,
300 Bbls Sugar, all grades.

Also, Soda, Molasses, Salt, Rice, etc., etc.

se3 1m

HORACE STONE,

WHOLESALE

BOOTS & SHOES,

NO. 325

MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Having removed from my old store, No. 341, to

325 MAIN STREET, UP-STAIRS,

thereby reducing my expenses largely, I am enabled to offer unusual inducements in the way of bargains.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THE Memphis Mining and Manufacturing Company are desirous of selling or leasing the

ROLLING MILL

Near the city of Memphis, Tenn.

It has a ten scrap mercantile mill on the single turn. All the machinery is in good order and of the best quality. Liberal time will be given on the purchase, if desired.

M. J. WILKS, President.

Memphis Tenn., August 29, se3 30d

R. W. LAMB. E. B. LAMB.

STORAGE

—BY—

R. W. LAMB & CO.,

—FOR—

Cotton and Merchandize Generally,

At Charleston Cotton Shed,

Corner of Adams St. and Charleston Avenue,

au30 1f MEMPHIS, TENN.

Election for Directors

—OF THE—

Memphis and Charleston R. R. Co.

THE Stockholders in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company are notified that the annual election for nine Directors of said Company will be held at the office of the Company in Memphis, Tenn., and Huntsville, Ala., on Wednesday, the 11th day of September, 1867.

Stockholders will be passed free for one day before and until one day after said election, upon exhibiting their certificates of Stock to the Conductor. GEO. ROBERTSON,

au31 td Secty and Treas'r.

VIRGIL V. STONE. EDWIN WHITFIELD.

MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.

(Successors Moore, Whitfield & Rayner,)

COTTON FACTORS —AND— General Commission Merchants,

No. 1 Howard's Row,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE are prepared to make liberal cash advances on all consignments; also, to furnish Bagging, Rope or Ties, to parties who will ship us their Cotton. We are agents for LEBANON WOOLEN MILLS, Lebanon, Tenn. PREMIUM COTTON GIN, manufactured by W. G. Clemmons, Brown & Co. SORGHUM CANE MILLS (cast iron), manufactured at Zanesville, Ohio.

The Celebrated UNION WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER.

E. GRAY'S STAR CAPE LIME. au30 daw

EDUCATE YOUR CHILDREN!

THOROUGH Training Required! W. E. Ward's Seminary for Young Ladies, Nashville, Tenn., the Leading School in the South! French spoken at the French Table! Open on and after MONDAY, September 2d.

au30 1m W. E. WARD, Principal

Billiard Tables for Sale.

SIX BILLIARD TABLES FOR SALE CHEAP. Apply to EVANS,
my12 tf Monroe street.

Memphis and White River

REGULAR THURSDAY PACKET.

THE steamer JOHN S. McCUNE will leave Memphis EVERY THURSDAY at 5 o'clock p.m., commencing September 12th, connecting at Duvall's Bluff with Memphis and Little Rock Railroad train to Little Rock, arriving at DesArc at 12 o'clock a.m. Returning will leave DesArc Sunday morning, arriving at Duvall's Bluff at 12 o'clock m. The McCune being very light draft, will be able to run much higher up White River. For freight or passage apply on board or to JAY HOUGH, Agent.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agents.

EUREKA AND PRATT'S

SOUTHERN MADE

COTTON GIN.

THE EUREKA GIN separates hulls, bolls and sticks from the Seed Cotton, and will pay for itself in One crop of 50 bales. PRATT'S GIN needs no pulling but speaks for itself, and the good will not forgotten by those who have tried it. Gins repaired by a skilful workman, whose factory was burned by the Yankees while he was in the Confederate service. Gin Bands, Gum and Leather, furnished at factory prices. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Address, Memphis, Tenn.,

G. W. TRUEHEART,
Care of Partington & Howell,
Agent for Daniel Pratt

NEW ADVERTISM'ENTS

W. H. SELDEN, Virginia. J. WILLIAMS, JR., Memphis. R. F. VINOS, Vir

ANNOUNCEMENT.

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au1 te

BOARDING.

BOARDING—
Families or single gentlemen can obtain board and good rooms; also day boarders can be accommodated at 304 Second street, between Gayoso and Fr—al.

BOARDING—
Furnished rooms, with good board, can be had at reasonable rates at No. 106 Monroe street. Also a few day boarders can be accommodated.

SELECT and cheap BOARDING

A FEW DESIRABLE ROOMS, either furnished or unfurnished, to rent, with board, to either gentlemen or families, convenient to business, within one square of Court square, and at the most reasonable rates, at No. 306 Second street, near Madison. Day boarding, $5 per week; boarding and lodging, $8 per week. jy2 tf

WANTS.

WANTED—
To rent—a House, with 6 or 8 rooms, suitable for a family residence, within short distance of Court Square. Address this office,
au28 tf W. J. L.

WANTED—
Wanted as partner in the Dry Goods and Produce Business at McNutt, Sunflower county, Miss., a young man of moral, sober, industrious business habits, with a cash capital of three thousand dollars, to equal the other interest. McNutt is a good point for a cash business of $60,000 to $75,000; ten to twelve thousand dollars sales annually, with a flattering prospect of the business increasing every year. I have a good storehouse, and the only stand in the place. Immediate application is desired. Address, THOS. K. NEELSON,
au27 2w McNutt, Miss.

WANTED.

A SITUATION, at a moderate salary, by an experienced BOOK-KEEPER. Address A. L., lock-box 89

WANTED—
AGENTS—To introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine LOCK STITCH, and other low priced machines make the CHAIN STITCH. Each agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars. M. M. BEACH & CO.,
jy7 3m 384 Second st., Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—THE PATENT
AURORA OIL.

We want men everywhere to study their own interest. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil actually costs less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the coal oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney—it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and bills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a state is untold wealth.

For further information, call on or address
H. C. Dewitt & Co.,
24 Madison street, corner Main.
jy19 Memphis, Tenn.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD—
Will be paid for the recovery of a black and tan TERRIER DOG, strayed or stolen from my premises, No. 81 Adams street, Saturday evening. He has long tail and ears, and answers to the name of "Tip."
au28 1w W. S. PICKETT.

$25 REWARD—
Strayed or stolen from my place, on Horn Lake Creek, one BAY MARE MULE, about 13 or 14 hands high, has a scar on left hip. The above reward will be paid to any one delivering the Mule to the farm, or to me at 295 Main street.
au28 1w W. BENDER.

LOST--FOUND.

TAKEN UP—
A SORREL MULE, which the owner can have by proving property and paying expenses.
W. BENDER,
au28 1w 295 Main street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—
Mrs. E. M. Dawson's former Residence at the head of Adams street. Apply at No. 19 Court street, up stairs. se1 1w*

FOR RENT—
An elegant Sleeping Room, at 225 Main, upstairs, furnished or not. se1 2t

FOR RENT—
A large DRY CELLAR 75 by 25 feet, 10 feet high—best adapted to the storing of Ale or Beer, and centrally located, half a square from Overton Hotel. Address H., Appeal office.
au31 1w

FOR RENT—
The STOREHOUSE, No. 28 Main street. Apply on the premises.
au30 1w EASTLAND & GILBERT.

WANTED TO RENT—
A good BUSINESS HOUSE on Main street, between Union and Adams.
au17 tf KENNY & PORTER, No. 2 Kit Williams Block.

FOR RENT—
TWO OFFICES, formerly occupied by the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, No. 5 Madison street. Inquire at Police office, 45 Madison street.
Memphis, June 10, 1867. je11 tf

FOR RENT—
STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. F. WALKER, Jr., in rooms No. 1 and 2. my22 tf

FOR SALE.

A NEW AND WELL BUILT STEAMBOAT, light draught, (drawing only fourteen inches, when on a day's supply of coal on board), now in the trade on the Ohio, between Big Sandy and Portsmouth, will be sold at low figures.
For particulars address N. N., lock-box 313 Cincinnati, O.
au29 1m SCHOOLFIELD & HANAUER, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—
A good Second-hand BUGGY and HARNESS (little used) will be sold cheap. Apply to Taylor, Hay & Rutland, 36 Front street, or
au23 tf W. S. BRUCE & CO., Monroe street.

Piano for Sale.

A FINE KNABE PIANO, 7-octave, nearly new, cost over $500 for sale at a bargain. Part cash and part time. Apply to N. E. Appeal office. aug 17

FOR SALE—
A light one-horse ROCKAWAY, in good order. Apply to A. L. Cummins, 230 Front.
aug 17

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.
The interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, with 10 per cent. interest.
Also, 5200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.
These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.
Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
au25 tf 293 Main street, Memphis

NOTICES.

Three-fourths of the Profits Returned to the Policy Holders in the

Georgia Home Insurance Co.,
OF COLUMBUS, GA.
[INCORPORATED 1838.]

Cash Capital and Surplus, - - $100,000

LIBERAL CONDITIONS — EQUITABLE Rates, and Prompt Settlements. Parties Insuring in this company will get their proportion of profits in Scrip, which will be taken at par value on renewals.
MOORE & WEST, Agents,
22½ Madison street.

NOTICE.

HAVING returned to Memphis I take this method to inform my pupils that I am ready to resume my labors. Orders left at either of the music stores will meet with prompt attention.
au22 2w A. SHINE.

Notice.

I WILL sell my lower Plantation in Tunica county, or exchange it for other good property, or lease it for the next year or for a series of years. It is one of the highest and best in the county, about 40 miles below Memphis.
jy9 tf A. WRIGHT.

NOTICE.

MY wife, Pollie L. Davis, having left my bed and board without my consent, all persons are hereby notified not to credit her upon my account.
au28 1aw3w* JAMES R. DAVIS.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE CROCERS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 266 Front St., Memphis.

JNO. A. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN.

STRICT attention paid to the STORAGE AND SALE OF COTTON, and instructions regarding same strictly obeyed. Our facilities for the handling of Cotton are unsurpassed, and we invite especial attention to this branch of our business, feeling assured of our ability to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.
☞ All shipments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, unless otherwise instructed.
Our stock of BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES and PLANTATION SUPPLIES generally will always be found full and complete, and offered on as favorable terms as can be had in this market.
Thankful to our numerous patrons for the very liberal favors hitherto extended to us, we respectfully ask a continuance of the same, pledging every effort on our part to give satisfaction by strict attention to the wants and interests of our customers.
Major J. J. HUSBY, whose connection with our house still continues, will be pleased to receive a call from his numerous friends when visiting the city.
au20 TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Madison Street.

CITY MATTERS.

TUESDAY, : : : : : : SEPTEMBER 3, 1867

Memphis and Ohio Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Express	8:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m.
Express	10:45 a.m.	4:00 p.m.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Express	10:50 p.m.	6:40 a.m
Mail	1:40 p.m.	6:10 p.m
Somerville Accommod'n, except Sundays	7:45 a.m.	3:40 p.m

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	8:45 a.m.	10:30 a.m.
Mail,	8:45 p.m.	6:30 p.m.
Freight, daily (except Sunday)	3:45 p.m.	4:40 a.m.

To commence Wednesday, Jun- 19th
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. my1

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:
For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Albany, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 3:15 p.m.
For Chattanooga, Richmond, Washington, Augusta, Columbus, Ga., Montgomery, Mobile, Ala., New York, Nashville, and all cities south and east, at 5:30 p.m.
For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 4 p.m.
All Stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 5:30 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 5 p.m.
All Stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 4 p.m.
For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and White rivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly), Mondays and Fridays.
R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL. Subscribers are requested to report any irregularities in the delivery of the APPEAL at the counting room. Carriers will be furnished weekly with certificates authorizing them to collect subscriptions.
ED. MANSFORD,
Supt. of Circulation.

PROLIFIC.—F. M. Cash, Esq., showed us yesterday, one stalk bearing six cotton bolls, well developed. It was grown on the plantation of E. C. Patterson, Big creek, in this county.

CITY COUNCIL.—The regular monthly meeting of the board of mayor and aldermen will be held at the Exchange building this afternoon, when the reports of city officers will be submitted.

GRACE CHURCH BROTHERHOOD.—There will be a meeting of the Grace Church brotherhood at the residence of the Rev. Dr. Brook, No. 193 De Soto street, at 8 o'clock to night. By order of the president.

FROM THE COUNTRY.—A negro from the country, calling himself Cornelius Hawkins, was brought before Mr. Justice Goodlett yesterday, charged with stealing clothing from a colored neighbor. In default of two thousand dollars bail, the 'Squire sent him to the criminal court for trial.

UNDUTIFUL SON.—A warrant was issued by Mr. Justice Miller, yesterday, at the instance of Martha E. Parker, against her son William, charging him with striking her and knocking her down. It is not often that such complaints come to the knowledge of the authorities, and the more seldom the better.

RESIGNED.—Sergt. W. T. Lincoln, of the first district metropolitan police force, has tendered his resignation. He has been connected with the force since its organization. In our intercourse with him we have always found him courteous and obliging, and ever known him as an efficient officer. Asst. Sergt. Brown has been appointed to fill the position *pro tem.*

KNIFE DRAWING.—The classic region of Happy Hollow furnished its daily fight yesterday. A belligerent female, named Mary McLaughlin, drew a carving knife on a neighbor woman, and threatened all sorts of horrible things. Complaint was made to the police, and the result was that the would-be cuttist was put in the Adams street stationhouse. She will have an interview with the recorder this morning.

COTTON FACTORS.—We begito call the attention of our readers to the card of Messrs. Ash, McLennan & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, No. 284 Front street. Mr. Ashe was formerly of Brownsville, and before the war was connected with the firm of Ashe, Wilson & Co., and Ashe & Co., in this city. The other members of the firm are well known, and have an extensive acquaintance in this and the adjoining states. Let our friends make a note of this house as well deserving of a liberal patronage.

TO THE LADIES.—A neat, pretty and durable boot is one of the most essential articles comprising a lady's wardrobe. The difficulty of procuring a good article in that line is at times somewhat difficult, but the ladies need no longer complain, as Mr. Hamilton has one of the best stocks ever offered in the city. The goods are of the most excellent quality, and sold at prices to suit the times. We advise our fair readers to give him a call by all means at his house, Second street, opposite Court square.

BURGLARS CAUGHT.—The house of Mr. S. Gottleigh was entered some days since, when a shot-gun, a quantity of gents' and ladies' clothing and a sum of money was stolen. Three negroes were strongly suspected of the theft; a warrant was obtained from Mr. Justice Walton on Saturday, and placed in the hands of an officer, who succeeded yesterday in capturing the two, the negro, named Wright Bowers and Jim Nelson. They will be examined before Justice Walton to-morrow. The third party is still at large.

A NEW FIRM.—Elsewhere will be found the card of Messrs. Atwood and Anderson, general commission and forwarding merchants, dealers in feed and country produce, No. 2 Promenade, foot of Jefferson street. These gentlemen have just formed a copartnership, and are prepared to do a general business in their line. They have on hand a large stock of feed and country produce, and will be found at all times reliable. We bespeak for them a share of public patronage.

GAYOSO GAS COMPANY.—We learn from the president of this company, John Donovan, Esq., who has just returned from Cincinnati, that all arrangements have been made for the forwarding of the necessary pipe, and that the machinery is in a forward state. The work will be pushed forward with the utmost energy. We examined the pipes yesterday, and were pleased with their large size and superior quality. Capt. J. J. Butler, the superintendent laying the same, is at present working about sixty hands on Main street. Ere long, it is to be hoped, we will have better and cheaper gas.

NEGRO HIGHWAYMEN.—As Mr. Chas. Walsh, the well known spice dealer and manufacturer on Second street, was going home at a late hour on Saturday night, he was ordered to halt, on the bayou bridge on the Raleigh road, by two negroes, one of whom had a drawn pistol. Mr. Walsh having provided himself with a couple of brickbats, threw one at the chap with the pistol, just as he neared him. He then tried the other at his companion. Both fled, and nobody was hurt but the negro that got hit with a brick. Our friend Charley should go fixed for such midnight murderers.

DISCUSSION AT GRENADA ON THURSDAY.—We are informed that Gen. W. L. Alcorn will address the citizens of Grenada on Thursday next, in favor of reconstruction. A number of the most prominent citizens of Grenada requested Col. C. S. Cameron, of this city, to meet Gen. A. and discuss the question. Col. Cameron has consented to do so, the general having signified his willingness to divide time in the usual manner. Much interest is being manifested in the meeting as both gentlemen are well known in political circles. A large crowd is expected on the occasion.

SHOOTING ON MAIN STREET.—About two o'clock yesterday, two gentlemen from Arkansas, named Henry Burgett and B. C. Brown, had an altercation on Main street at the corner of the alley between Adams and Washington, during which Mr. Burgett drew a derringer pistol and fired, but missed his mark. Officer Slattery arrested both parties and took them to the stationhouse, preferring a charge against Burgett of shooting in the corporation and carrying concealed weapons, and one against Brown for being disorderly. A forfeit of fifty dollars was put up by each party for their appearance before the police commissioner this morning.

LACLEDE HOTEL.—This is the name of a large five story hotel in St. Louis, just completed, and will be ready for the reception and accommodation of guests on the tenth of this month. It is magnificently furnished from "turret to foundation stone," and is one of the best appointed hotels in every respect in the country. We made a tour of the building under the direction of Capt. Brolaski, and we never saw a hotel more thoroughly or suitably fitted up. Every chamber is supplied with black walnut bedstead and full marble-top bureaus—the furniture being uniform throughout, from the second to the fifth story. The proprietors are Messrs. Brolaski and Malin, formerly steamboat captains, and are gentlemen in the highest sense of the term. To any of our citizens visiting St. Louis, we heartily recommend the Laclede Hotel.

MEMPHIS & OHIO RAILROAD.

THE ROAD NOT TO GO INTO THE HANDS OF A RECEIVER.

Dr. Cliff, who has been in the city since Saturday, for the purpose of taking the necessary steps to take charge of the Memphis and Ohio railroad on behalf of the state, received a telegram yesterday, that the amount due the state had been paid. The indebtedness is understood to have been only seventy thousand dollars. The President of the road, Amos Woodruff, Esq., has been in Nashville for some days endeavoring to arrange the matter, and we are pleased to find that his efforts have been successful. This is good news for Memphis people and its trade. The officers of the road have, during the past two years, labored faithfully and energetically, and overcome difficulties of no ordinary character, in order to give us direct communication by a short route to Louisville and the east. When the intelligence that the company were not to be interfered with in the management of the road was made known on the streets yesterday, there was an almost universal expression of joy and gladness, and it seemed to be the all important theme of conversation. The road will still continue to improve under the excellent management of Superintendent Sam. B. Jones and his able corps of assistants.

THE TICKET AGENT'S CONVENTION AT NIAGARA.—A short time since we commended in the columns of the APPEAL, the proposed assemblage of general ticket agents from all parts of the country, at Niagara Falls on the 24 of October next, as likely to result in increased facilities to the traveling public, and the adoption on our southern and western lines of such improvements as might be learned by a personal inspection of the tracks and equipments of the great northern and eastern routes of travel, by our railroad men; and we are pleased to learn that the suggestion has been most favorably received by the parties interested wherever it has been known, and every general attendance is promised. Mr. A. A. Barnes, the active and efficient general ticket agent of the Memphis and Charleston road, has placed at our disposal the communications received from the officers of the lines over whose roads the excursionists will pass, and the programme is as follows: All south of this point will meet at Memphis on Thursday the 26th of September, and proceed by steamer Belle St. Louis, Capt. Zeigler, of the Memphis and St. Louis packet company's line, to the last named city; thence by the Chicago and Alton railroad to Chicago; thence by the Michigan Central and Great Western railroad of Canada to Niagara falls, stopping one day in each of the cities of St. Louis, Chicago and Detroit, and as long as may be agreeable at the falls. The passage for the families of the agents has been very generously proffered, and the expedition must not only prove beneficial to the railway interest throughout the country, but it will also be exceedingly agreeable to the participants, affording the most favorable opportunities for seeing many interesting points, and especially the great falls, which at that season of the year will present in perfection all the beauties of American woodland scenery in the gorgeous livery of autumn. It is desirable to know, at the earliest practicable moment, how many persons elect to avail themselves of the attractive inducements held out by this liberal proposal, and those who wish to attend are therefore requested to communicate with Mr. Barnes without delay, and thus enable him to secure the requisite accommodations. At the close of the convention, the delegates and their families will be furnished with return tickets via New York, Washington and Baltimore, (or other routes as they may prefer), to their homes. We believe the southern and western agents are indebted to the public spirit and enterprise of Mr. Barnes for this courteous invitation to assist in the conference of the delegates from the northern and eastern companies, who first proposed this convention, with a view only to local interests and corporations, but whose his suggestion readily perceived and appreciated the greater advantages of a general participation of railway men, and the more comprehensive discussion of the railway interests by representatives from all parts of the United States.

EMMA MERCER INSTITUTE.—We desire to draw the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the above institute, in another column. This institution, under the name of the Yalobusha Baptist Female Institute, was extensively patronized before the war, and well known as an institution of great merit. The war broke it up, and it is now being revived under the most flattering auspices. The principal, a Virginia lady, of thirty-five years' experience as a teacher, who, as an able and successful educator, is without a peer in the state, has connected with herself a faculty unrivalled in their various departments; while the boarding department, under the charge of the estimable Wm. S. Perry and lady, will offer home comforts and advantages seldom found in similar institutions. The location is fine, at the junction of three railroads, is healthy, accessible, and as is well known by all who have traveled that way, in five contiguous southwestern states there is no such school building as this, in convenience, elegance, comfort, architectural beauty, or scholastic arrangements. In looking forward to future wealth, prosperity or influence for the south, no interests are more important to consider than educational ones, and we trust our citizens will see the importance of inviting and encouraging talent of a high an order as that now under consideration, and of building up speedily and effectively, an institution that in return will do more for the state and country than any other we are acquainted with. The institute is not sectarian, and we trust that all denominations, and the Roman at large, will unite in giving it the hearty support and liberal patronage needed to insure its permanence and to put its prosperity and usefulness from the very day that it opens beyond the possibility of a peradventure.

THE "FANNY THURSTON" LECTURES. One week from this evening, the first of the second series of lectures for the benefit of the widows and orphans of Confederate soldiers will be delivered at the Tabernacle by Col. George Ganitt, whose superior talent and eloquence are too well known in this city not to insure a full house. The colonel's theme has not yet been announced. The following well-known gentlemen have been invited to lecture at the different dates mentioned, and have signified their acceptance: Mr. Edward C. Jones, architect, late of Charleston, S. C., and his friends think one of the first intellects in the city, September 17th; Rev. Dr. Gilford Jones, the learned and popular pastor of Asbury chapel, September 24th; Maj. W. Clusky, a distinguished member of the city press, October 1st; Col. Ed. Pickett, an able lawyer and ripe scholar of the Memphis bar, October 8th. Other prominent gentlemen are preparing lectures to be delivered during the fall and winter. We hope to see every friend of "Fanny" and "Charlie" and little "Maggie," and every well wisher to high literary culture at the Tabernacle next Tuesday night.
JOHN S. KERR,
Chairman Lecture Committee.

A SUBSTANTIAL ST. LOUIS HOUSE. We take pleasure in calling attention to the house of Messrs. Yaeger & Co., of St. Louis, one of the largest, if not *the* largest, flour establishment in that city. The proprietors are gentlemen of integrity, enterprise and solid business qualities, and occupy a most enviable position in their city. The following statement, from the *Republican*, will give an idea of the extent of their business—showing receipts of flour amounting to *one fifth* of the entire business of the city:

The receipts of flour in this city, as reported by the secretary of the Exchange, from January 1, to June 1, 1867, were 316,390 barrels. Of this amount Yaeger & Co. received at St. Louis, in the time named, 66,439 barrels; shipped from railroad stations, east and south, which did not come to this city, 11,100 barrels; received from, and sold for mills in this city, during same time, 27,471 barrels, making a total of 105,010 barrels handled by this house in five months, ending June 1st.

THE LIFE OF GEN. ROBERT HATTON.—J. V. Drake, Esq., is engaged in writing the life of the gallant and lamented Gen. Hatton, who fell, at the head of his command, at the great battle of Seven Pines. We have seen the advance sheets of the first chapter, and the book promises to be worthy of the distinguished subject. It is well written and gotten up in an elegant style. It will comprise about 500 pages, and be ready for delivery in a very short time. The object of the author is to get together a brief and authentic sketch of Gen. Hatton's life, give his public and congressional speeches, army correspondence, diary while in congress, etc., and after defraying the expenses of publication erect a monument over his grave with the balance of the proceeds, &c. The price will be $3. Success commend the work.

PERSONAL.—Col. Jacob Frolich, editor and proprietor of the White county (Ark.) *Record*, is in the city on business connected with his paper. He will call on our business men to-day. Those of them who desire to advertise in the White river country cannot do better than give him their cards.

J. Augustine Signiago, Esq., editor of the Grenada (Miss.) *Sentinel*, also arrived yesterday, on a flying visit. To leave two country editors visit us in one day is not a frequent occurrence. We are always pleased to see them. If the above worthy pair will only remain long enough with us, we hope to be able to learn them the names of the streets, at least, and the difference between a red and a green street car.

THE COURTS.

LAW COURT.—Yesterday the case of Metcalf vs. Dowell, occupied the attention of the court up to the time of adjournment. It will be concluded to-day. The regular cases set for trial to-day are as follows:

T. D.
19. Metcalf vs. Dowell.
160. Sail vs. Patterson, et. al.
163. Barran vs. Smith.
126. James, admr'x, vs. Griffin.
181. Marshall vs. Hinchie.
189. James, admr'x, vs. Phelan & al.
284. Morgan et al vs. Tate et al.
292. Wickersham, admr'x, vs. Austin.
295. Morgan et al vs. Beard et al.
304. Pope, ex-friend, &c., vs. Stephens.
307. Hillman Bros. vs. Grant.

The following cases on writ of inquiry, will be disposed of:

T. D.
133. Pointer vs. Brinkley.
A. D.
146. Vankirk & Co. vs. Powell & Co.
176. Frankland vs. Newman.
181. Tattran vs. Andrews.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURT.—Met yesterday, pursuant to adjournment. Gus. J. Griffith was appointed crier. The usual order, requiring parties to plead within three days, was entered; also, the order to open all depositions received in the office of the clerk during vacation. In the case of Globe mutual life insurance company vs. Longue & Winters, an order was made granting the injunction prayed for. The venire was called and the following jurors excused from service during the term: Thos. C. Jones and M. Pirtle.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—Meets this morning at the usual hour. No cases are especially set for trial. Some unfinished business will be taken up and disposed of.

PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF HEALTH. At a regular meeting of the board of health, assembled at Dr. W. E. Rogers' office, the president being absent, Dr. R. F. Brown presided.

Members present: Drs. Pitman, A. K. Taylor, O. B. Knode, Pat. H. Otey and R. F. Brown.

Proceedings of last meeting were read and adopted. Dr. Pitman offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the health officer be required to visit all boats that land here from places where yellow fever prevails, and that he send all patients with that disease at once to the hospital, without stopping in the city.

Resolved, That the city authorities prevent any steamboat or barge from any place where yellow fever exists, "laying up" within five miles of the city limits.

Resolution by Dr. Otey:

Resolved, That in view of animal decomposition, in the city, to the great annoyance of citizens, as well as the baneful influence on the health of the suburbs, as well as the city, we do recommend that all slaughter-houses be established south of the city, and below Fort Pickering, at such place as the board of health may designate.

Dr. Rogers read the following report, which was received:

To the Board of Health:

Since the last meeting of the board, in accordance with your recommendation the city authorities have put upon the streets the requisite number of sloperarts. As you suggested, eight men have been added to Col. Beaumont's sanitary force, who, under the direction of Sergt. Smith, are doing good service, not only in looking after indigent sick, but in keeping a strict watch upon the premises of every one in the city, reporting and abating nuisances. Under the present management we have experienced a decline already in the mortuary reports. The scavengers are at work cleaning the streets, and a sufficient number of carts follow them to remove all offensive matter.

The city, as your president advised, have purchased a new boat, which is in position at the foot of Real st., for the carts to empty from into the river.

I herewith submit a condensed report of Drs. Early and Thornton, physicians for the first and second districts, as well as my own for the last twenty-five days:

NUMBER PATIENTS TREATED.	White.	Colored.	Total.
District No. 1	57	41	98
District No. 2	113	93	206
Central district	62	77	139
Whole number treated			443
Sent to hospital			12
Number of prescriptions compounded at dispensary No. 1			198
Number of prescriptions compounded at dispensary No. 2			245
Total			443

You will see from the above report that quite a number of cases have been relieved, that under other circumstances would necessarily have gone to the hospital. I would here state that the physicians in charge of the dispensaries are *very rigid and discreet, prescribing and dispensing only to such as are objects of charity.*
W. E. ROGERS,
Secretary Board of Health.
R. F. BROWN,
President, pro tem.
Board adjourned.

EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street and 336 Main street, have received the London News, London Weekly Times, Gleason's Companion, New York Weekly Scottish American, Scientific American, Day Book, Notions, Round Table, Police Gazett, London Daily Times, Army Navy Journal, Rural New Yorker, American Union, True Flag, German Leslie, New York Mercury, Courier des Etats Unis, American Agriculturist and Pen and Pencil Magazine, Harper's Weekly for September, and a lot of French novels received.

EXCURSION TO LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN. In order to afford our citizens the opportunity of visiting Lookout Mountain, the Memphis and Charleston railroad will issue excursion tickets, commencing September 7th, from Memphis and all stations on the railroad, to Chattanooga and return, for fare one way. Tickets good during the month of September, allowing the excursionists to lay over at any points on the line, and return within that period. Fare from Memphis to Chattanooga and return, $17; omnibus fare from Chattanooga to the top of the Mountain and return, $4. The grand gathering of parties from Nashville, Knoxville, Atlanta, etc., will be on the top of Lookout Mountain on the 11th and 12th of September, and the train from Memphis for that occasion will leave here at 6 o'clock on the evening of the 10th.

Receiving Daily new style Hats at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street. se3 2t

Georgia State Lottery, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home. Combination Class No. 61. The following are the drawn numbers, September 2, 1867:
78-52—22-27-25-70-72-65-55-34-1-21-69
FAY & CHANDLER,
General Agents, No. 287 Main street, Memphis.

Removal.—The office of the Tennessee State Mutual Fire Insurance Company has been removed from Odd Fellows' Hall to the second floor of 15 Madison street (Selden Block), where, in future, all business with the Company will be transacted.

The Texas Tonic Syrup is a safe and efficacious remedy for chills. It never fails to cure and is so pleasant that children love it. Try it and be convinced.
MANSFIELD & CO.,
Sole proprietors.

Hesperian Balm is the most delicious and useful toilet article for the complexion ever discovered. It removes freckles, tan, sunburn, etc., and makes the skin charmingly fair and smooth.

The "Fleetwing" Hat at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street. se3 2t

ATTENTION DISTILLERS.—New Stills built to order and Second Hand Stills for sale at Hollenberg & Oertel's, Coppersmiths and Sheet Iron Workers, No. 316 Second street. Steamboat work promptly attended to. jy5 dawtf

Hats Renovated at 362 Second street. au4 1m

"While there is Life there is Hope!" Some of the most dreadful and stubborn diseases of the Lungs ever known, have been promptly and entirely cured by *Dr. C. Williams' Pulmonic Balsam of Wild Cherry and Wood Naptha*, after the most skillful Physicians and every known remedy had failed. We therefore say, *"While there is Life there is Hope,"* if you use this newly and popular remedy. See long advertisement in another column. au30 1f.

Young Man, the "Everett" Hat, velvet finish, at Francisco & Wiggin's, 309 Main street. se3 2t

MEMPHIS, TENN., August 26, 1867.
Received of the Planters' Insurance Company of the city Four Thousand Dollars, being full payment of loss covered by Policy No. 724. I take great pleasure in stating that this Company has honorably and liberally adjusted my loss, and promptly paid my claim; and I cordially recommend this reliable Home Institution to all desiring Insurance as every way worthy of patronage. Insure in the Planters, and I will guarantee that you will promptly get your money, and at the same time aid in encouraging a living Southern Institution, whose stocks are owned and controlled by our most thorough and reliable business men, whose interests are identified with us.
au27 10t J. B. MORRIS.

North American.—H. P. Butler, Esq., the popular agent of the North American Life Insurance company, left last night by the Memphis and Ohio railroad, on a brief trip north, to recruit. We hope to see our friend return ere long much improved. During his absence, Capt. P. H. Johnson will attend to the wants of the patrons of the office.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will apply for Letters of Administration on the estate of James C. Wilson, deceased, at the next (September) Term of the County Court.
ANDREW H. BROWN.
August 20, 1867. au20 1m

RAILROADS.

Memphis & Little Rock R. R.

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1867, trains will leave HOPEFIELD at 7 a.m., arriving at Ten Mile Bayou at 8:15 a.m. Returning—Leave Ten Mile Bayou at 5:30 p.m., and arrive at Hopefield at 6:45 p.m.
On TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS a train will leave Ten Mile Bayou at 8:30 a.m., arriving at Hopefield at 9:45 a.m. Returning—Leave Hopefield at 1 p.m., and arrive at Ten Mile Bayou at 2:15 p.m.

The Round Trip From Memphis, $1 50.

The Ferryboat NEVADA will make close connection with all trains.
J. L. MEIGS,
jy16 Chief Engineer.

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD.

CHANCE OF SCHEDULE.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., July 7, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville Railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and is the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage Checked through to all important places. Persons holding Through Tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.
☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot.
jy7 tf SAM. B. JONES,
General Superintendent.

Excursion to Mammoth Cave.

TWO DAILY TRAINS leave the Depot of the Memphis and Louisville railroad, head of Main street, as follows: 4 p.m. and 11 p.m., arriving through to Cave City without change of cars.
☞ Excursion Tickets from Memphis to Mammoth Cave and Return at Reduced Rates.
Fare round trip, to Cave and return $30 75 each
Parties of fifteen or more..... 27 75 each
Parties of twenty-five or more..... 26 70 each
For through tickets and all information, call at Ticket Office, No. 267½ Main street.
jy27 tf SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS AND CONSIGNEES.

DIAMOND LINE.

Fast Freight & Cotton Express.

THE attention of Shippers and Consignees is solicited to the superior indicements offered by this line for speedy and cheap transportation of Freight between Boston, New York, and points East to Memphis and the Southwest. Freight shipped from New York or Memphis

With but One Transfer,

Connecting at St. Louis with a Daily Line of First Class Packets for Memphis.
As a Cotton Express this line is unrivalled, making as quick time and giving as low rates as any other route or line. For Through Rates and Bills Lading apply to
FILEM. CALVERT, Agent,
5 Jefferson street.
N. B.—The Diamond Line assumes all risks on freight in transit usually covered by the underwriters, thus making this line all rail as far as insurance is concerned. au25 1m

GRAND DISTRIBUTION

2,350 PREMIUMS,

AMOUNTING TO

$253,950 IN 9000 CERTIFICATES

IN

THREE PRELIMINARY DRAWINGS

AND

ONE GRAND SCHEME.

Mississippi Agricultural, Educational and Manufacturing Aid Society at Vicksburg, Miss.

Chartered by an Act of the Legislature of Mississippi, passed February 16, 1867.

THE following receipt from the State Treasurer exhibits the fact that the Society has paid into the State Treasury One sum of Five Hundred Dollars for the benefit of the State University.

COPY OF RECEIPT.

No. 127—State of Mississippi—Five Thousand Dollars, State Treasury, Jackson:
Received of W. D. Lyles, President, etc., per C. B. White, the sum of Five Thousand Dollars on full of Auditor's receipt General No. 427, dated July 18, A. D. 1867, in his favor, on account of University of Mississippi, under 8th section of Act of February 16, 1867, entitled an Act incorporating the Mississippi Agricultural, Educational and Manufacturing Aid Society. Given under my hand and affixed at office this 18th of July, A.D., 1867.
JOHN R. ECHOLS, State Treasurer.

In the Three Preliminary Distributions and Grand Scheme, there will be distributed 2,350 Premiums, amounting to $253,950 in 9000 certificates.

PREMIUMS FROM $30 TO $30,000.

1st Preliminary Distribution, Sept. 15, '67.

1	Premium of	$4,000	$ 4,000
1	"	2,000	2,000
2	"	1,000	2,000
2	"	500	1,000
5	"	100	500
10	"	50	500
550	"	10	11,000
600	Premiums amounting to		$20,000

2d Preliminary Distribution, Oct. 16, '67.

1	Premium of	$6,000	$ 6,000
1	"	3,000	3,000
1	"	1,500	1,500
2

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 330 MAIN STREET

and MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY

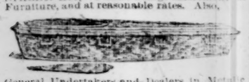
C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on FRONT STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,



General Undertakers and Dealers in Metallic and Wooden Coffins.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.

No 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,

—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,

No. 368 Second St., N. E. cor. Gayoso St.

☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

J. B. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. my21

W. R. SMITH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

METALIC BURIAL CASES AND CASKETS,

No. 70 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

UNDERTAKERS in the cities and towns contiguous to Memphis will always find at this establishment a full line of articles in my line, in as great variety as can be found in the city, and

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

mh19 tf

CONFECTIONERIES.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKE PLEASURE in informing the public, and especially the Ladies, that their Spacious and Magnificent Saloon in the second floor in the city, is NOW OPEN. We will furnish

ICE CREAM,
SODA WATERS,
SHERBERT,
CONFECTIONERIES,
PASTRIES,

And all the VARIOUS LUXURIES and DELICACIES OF THE SEASON, and shall spare no pains to make our establishment the most delightful resort in the city.

We shall continue to

MANUFACTURE PURE CANDIES,

In all their variety—furnished fresh, daily, to the City or Country Trade, in any desirable quanity, at Low Rates.

Wedding Cakes, Pyramids, Vases,

and all descriptions of PASTRIES made to order, by skilled and skilled Confectioners.

L. ROCCO & CO.,

290 and 292 Second Street,

je1 tf Between Monroe and Madison.

SPECHT'S CONFECTIONARY REOPENED!

Confectionary in Every Variety,

And all of the best quality, constantly on hand and for sale at prices to suit the times.

A LARGE LOT OF TOYS.

WINES AND CHAMPAGNES

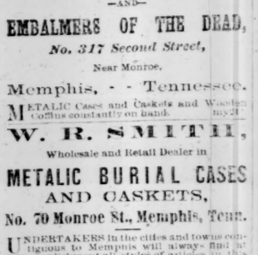
Of superior vintage.

WEDDINGS AND PARTIES

Supplied with every requisite, on short notice, as heretofore. my28

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Under Greenlaw Opera House,

345 Second street.

may28

Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Snuff, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, Corner Second and Jefferson streets, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn.

W. W. STILES,

No. 4 Hutchins' House,

HOUSTON, TEXAS,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT

—AND—

Produce Broker.

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO HIS FRIENDS in Texas and elsewhere upon the only safe plan, that of

Exclusive Cash Basis.

☞ Particular attention paid to SALES of REAL ESTATE, and proceeds deposited in Bank to credit of parties, or remitted either of Express, as directed.

R. O. BRADLEY

Dealer in all kinds of

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, Spring Wagons, Harness, Etc.

377 (Jackson Block) Main Street.

d&w

TO MY OLD FRIENDS

—IN—

West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas.

HAVING accepted a permanent Agency of the ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, I most respectfully call the attention of my old friends to that Institution as a safe, certain and reliable medium through which they may assure their families against want in the event of death, or themselves from an impoverished old age in case of ill-success in life.

Mr. N. S. OTIS is associated with me and is hereby recommended to public confidence. Our office is at No. 42 Madison street, (rear room, DeSoto Block, where we will be happy to impart any needed information to those desiring Life Insurance.

1y4 E. H. McMAHON.

LOTTERIES.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the Benefit of

"The Masonic Orphans' Home."

W. W. BOYD, Deputy Grand Master,

Principal Manager.

ESTABLISHED BY A LAW of the Legislature of Georgia, passed December 16, 1865. The whole profits devoted to the

Relief of the Widows and Orphans.

Single Number Scheme, or Royal Flavors,

DRAWN DAILY.

Combination or Three Number Scheme,

DRAWN DAILY.

Prizes Payable Without Discount.

Prizes, $500 to $5 00.

Single Tickets, $1 00; Packages, $5 of Second or Fifths Different.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEME.

Drawn Daily.

Number Schemes Drawn by Improper, Prizes, according to Scheme, Paid.

No Discount on Prizes.

☞ All Prizes in the above Lotteries Cashed at this office.

FAY & CAMPBELL,

32 Main street, or Jefferson street,

Key Box No. 770, P. O., Augusta, Ga.

N. B.—To applicants by mail, the highest prizes paid on the General Scheme for information will be furnished. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

OUR LIST OF PRIZES.

The First and Capital Prize.

Col. M. C. Gallaher's valuable residence, corner of Court and Orleans streets, with lot fronting 100 feet on Court and running back 200 feet to Adams street. Said lot and residence thereon valued at the property of Col. M. C. Gallaher, $100,000

Second Prize.

A cottage residence of ten rooms, with lot fronting on Orleans street, and running back 200 feet to Adams street. Said lot and residence thereon valued at $20,000.

Third Prize.

One residence and lot adjoining above property, fronting on Orleans street, and running back to Adams street. Said lot and residence thereon valued at $10,000.

Fourth Prize.

One residence and lot adjoining above property, fronting on Orleans street, and running back to Adams street. Said lot and residence thereon valued at $5,000.

Fifth Prize.

One residence lot adjoining above, fronting on Orleans street, and running back to Adams street. Said lot valued at $2,500.

Sixth Prize.

A lot of ground adjoining the above, fronting on Orleans street, and running back to Adams street. Said lot valued at $1,500.

Seventh Prize.

The Franklin Hospital Institute, at Holly Springs, Miss., with all the property belonging to the same. Said property valued at $50,000.

Eighth Prize!

Lot No. 5, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninth Prize.

Lot No. 6, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Tenth Prize!

Lot No. 7, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eleventh Prize!

Lot No. 8, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twelfth Prize!

Lot No. 9, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirteenth Prize!

Lot No. 10, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fourteenth Prize!

Lot No. 11, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifteenth Prize!

Lot No. 12, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixteenth Prize!

Lot No. 13, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventeenth Prize!

Lot No. 14, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighteenth Prize!

Lot No. 15, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Nineteenth Prize!

Lot No. 16, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twentieth Prize!

Lot No. 17, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-first Prize!

Lot No. 18, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-second Prize!

Lot No. 19, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-third Prize!

Lot No. 20, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 21, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 22, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 23, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 24, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 25, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Twenty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 26, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirtieth Prize!

Lot No. 27, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-first Prize!

Lot No. 28, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-second Prize!

Lot No. 29, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-third Prize!

Lot No. 30, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 31, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 32, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 33, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 34, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 35, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Thirty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 36, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fortieth Prize!

Lot No. 37, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-first Prize!

Lot No. 38, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-second Prize!

Lot No. 39, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-third Prize!

Lot No. 40, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 41, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 42, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 43, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 44, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 45, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Forty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 46, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fiftieth Prize!

Lot No. 47, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-first Prize!

Lot No. 48, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-second Prize!

Lot No. 49, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-third Prize!

Lot No. 50, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 51, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 52, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 53, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 54, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 55, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Fifty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 56, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixtieth Prize!

Lot No. 57, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-first Prize!

Lot No. 58, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-second Prize!

Lot No. 59, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-third Prize!

Lot No. 60, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 61, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 62, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 63, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 64, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 65, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Sixty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 66, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventieth Prize!

Lot No. 67, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-first Prize!

Lot No. 68, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-second Prize!

Lot No. 69, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-third Prize!

Lot No. 70, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 71, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 72, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 73, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 74, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 75, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Seventy-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 76, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eightieth Prize!

Lot No. 77, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-first Prize!

Lot No. 78, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-second Prize!

Lot No. 79, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-third Prize!

Lot No. 80, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 81, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 82, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 83, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 84, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 85, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Eighty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 86, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninetieth Prize!

Lot No. 87, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-first Prize!

Lot No. 88, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-second Prize!

Lot No. 89, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-third Prize!

Lot No. 90, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 91, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 92, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 93, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 94, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 95, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

Ninety-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 96, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundredth Prize!

Lot No. 97, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and First Prize!

Lot No. 98, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Second Prize!

Lot No. 99, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Third Prize!

Lot No. 100, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fourth Prize!

Lot No. 101, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifth Prize!

Lot No. 102, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixth Prize!

Lot No. 103, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventh Prize!

Lot No. 104, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighth Prize!

Lot No. 105, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninth Prize!

Lot No. 106, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Tenth Prize!

Lot No. 107, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eleventh Prize!

Lot No. 108, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twelfth Prize!

Lot No. 109, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirteenth Prize!

Lot No. 110, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fourteenth Prize!

Lot No. 111, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifteenth Prize!

Lot No. 112, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixteenth Prize!

Lot No. 113, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventeenth Prize!

Lot No. 114, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighteenth Prize!

Lot No. 115, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Nineteenth Prize!

Lot No. 116, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twentieth Prize!

Lot No. 117, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-first Prize!

Lot No. 118, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-second Prize!

Lot No. 119, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-third Prize!

Lot No. 120, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 121, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 122, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 123, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 124, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 125, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 126, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirtieth Prize!

Lot No. 127, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-first Prize!

Lot No. 128, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-second Prize!

Lot No. 129, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-third Prize!

Lot No. 130, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 131, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 132, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 133, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 134, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 135, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 136, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fortieth Prize!

Lot No. 137, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-first Prize!

Lot No. 138, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-second Prize!

Lot No. 139, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-third Prize!

Lot No. 140, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 141, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 142, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 143, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 144, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 145, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Forty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 146, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fiftieth Prize!

Lot No. 147, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-first Prize!

Lot No. 148, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-second Prize!

Lot No. 149, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-third Prize!

Lot No. 150, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 151, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 152, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 153, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 154, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 155, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Fifty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 156, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixtieth Prize!

Lot No. 157, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-first Prize!

Lot No. 158, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-second Prize!

Lot No. 159, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-third Prize!

Lot No. 160, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 161, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 162, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 163, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 164, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 165, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 166, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventieth Prize!

Lot No. 167, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-first Prize!

Lot No. 168, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-second Prize!

Lot No. 169, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-third Prize!

Lot No. 170, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 171, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 172, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 173, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 174, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 175, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Seventy-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 176, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eightieth Prize!

Lot No. 177, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-first Prize!

Lot No. 178, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-second Prize!

Lot No. 179, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-third Prize!

Lot No. 180, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 181, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 182, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 183, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 184, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 185, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Eighty-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 186, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninetieth Prize!

Lot No. 187, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-first Prize!

Lot No. 188, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-second Prize!

Lot No. 189, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-third Prize!

Lot No. 190, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-fourth Prize!

Lot No. 191, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-fifth Prize!

Lot No. 192, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-sixth Prize!

Lot No. 193, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-seventh Prize!

Lot No. 194, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-eighth Prize!

Lot No. 195, in Hayne survey, Memphis, fronting on Second street, and running back to Front street. Said lot valued at $2,000.

One Hundred and Ninety-ninth Prize!

Lot No. 196, in Hay